AUSBORNE USER GROUP

NEWSLETTER

VOLUME 1 NUMBER 9 JAN/FEB 84



Is Your Osborne Good Value ?



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AUSSHOP Cattle Dog and return mail order form

NEW ADVERTISING RATES

As of January 1 1984 these new advertising rates apply.

SIZE ISSUES	A3	(84	1/2	1/4	1/8)
01	\$ 80	\$ 50	\$ 30	\$ 22	\$ 15
02	10	%	Dis	C 0 U	n t.
04	15	Z	Dis	cou	nt.
06	20	7	Dis	cou	nt.
12	25	%	Dis	cou	nt.

DEADLINES FOR ALL MATERIAL

ISSUE	D/LINE	JUL	JUN 20 JUL 18
FEB MAR	JAN 18 FEB 15	SEP	AUG 15 SEP 19 OCT 17
APR MAY JUN	MAR 21 APR 18 MAY 16	DEC	NOV 21 DEC 19

FROM THE DISK OF THE PRESTDENT

Unfortunately, I was unable to make the last meeting (14th December), but by all accounts, including a flattering letter from a new member, it was a good one. Don't forget the next meeting is on the THIRD MEDNESDAY of January (the 18th) at the North Sydney Council Chambers, 200 Miller Street, North Sydney. The Bazaar (sales of consumables) starts at 6.30, and the gutsy stuff at 7.15. Now onto other metters:

SEPUDAR/MORKSHOPS

The Committee is proposing to put on a workshop type session in about March, 1984. The idea would be to use the whole of a weekend, and dedicate half days to particular aspects of the Osbornes. As an example, half a day on DBase for novices, with a second half day for the more advanced. (note; you must own DBase, it is not going to be made available at the meeeting unless a supplier is present, who will SELL a licenced copy). Similar sessions would be for Wordstar, Supercalc and Basic. We envisage a fee will apply for this workshop to cover expenses. Comments are welcomed on this proposal.

BULLETEN SOARD

We have now obtained a licenced version of PLINK II, which is on loan to Horste Leykam to compile the bulletin board software. (Actually, it links different, compiled programmes). Unfortunately we could not hire or borrow the software. After Horste is finished, there is no reason why Members cannot borrow it. PLINK II cannot go into the software library as it is not public domain software. We'll ask Horste to do write up of it's capabilities.

```
* WE NEED A NAME FOR THE SYSTEM......

* ON WITH THE THINKING CAPS.....

* SENO SUGGESTIONS TO P.O. BOX CS3O.CLARENCE

* ST. REQUIRED URGENTLY....
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MEMBERSHIED CARDS

January (late) is going to be a big month. The Membership cards have been designed, and are in the process of being printed. I believe the concept we are using is great, and come late January you'll all have the opportunity to assess it yourself. The cards will identify Members of our group ensuring benefits obtained for the group go to members only. Some suppliers of consumables have expressed an interest to supply discounts to group members (.still being negotiated.). It also serves in the administration of the software library, hardcopy etc.

AUSSHOP/SALES OF CONSUMABLES

This appears to be a great success, so much so that an AUSSHOP director by the name of Paul McGlynn-Worthington has now on become part of the Committee. More info will be published as it becomes available. It is not the purpose of the group to become a reseller, but if we buy in bulk, the discounts are passed on to Members at a price individuals purchasers cannot achieve.

MEMBERSHILD

As of the and of December, there are 495 Members, and 6 on the mailing list (other groups stc.). There are now members daily.

OTHER CROUPS

In the next issue, the contacts for other groups will be published. There are now two new groups, as can be seen on the list below:

```
Adelaide ( AOOG )
Brisbane ( Talking to Convenor 31/12/83 )
Canberra ( COG ? )
Melbourne * ( I wrote, no reply )
Perth ( OSMEST )
Sydney ( AUSBORNE )
Whyalla ( Newish )
[ * See OPENFILE ]
```

I would be interested in news from any of these groups.

EXPERTS WANTED

I have taken names before for these functions, but to be honest, I have lost the list (slap on wrist). Those interested in becoming an advisor places let me know your name, and in which field you are an expert. As suggestions are : OBase II, Wordstar, Chesic, Moesic, Supercalc, Hardware, Machine language, BIOS, Executive.

Your name and address will be published in the newslatter for people to contact you directly. The group will cover costs such as mailing etc.

MARATINE

Those disks supplied with the Osborne software when the eachine was purchased appear to be very prone to failure. It is suggested that they should not contain valuable software without frequently backing them up.

THANK YOU

My plea for cardboard dividers for mailing disks was met with a tremendous response. Thank you Ted Cox and John O'Conner. That's about it for now,

1	111	(1/1///////////////////////////////////	1
1		D.S.C. LOCKING FUR AN ASSISTANT	1
1			1
1	TI	me Osborne Sales Centre is looking for a knowledgeable person to help with distrubution. "	1
1			1
1		The person selected would be the RIGHT HAND PERSON to the general manager.	1
1		The person must be SELF MOTIVATED, VERY HARD WORKING, and INITIATIVE.	1
1		This is a GROUND FLOOR OPPORTUNITY for an AGGRESSIVE, QUIET, UNASSUMING PERSON.	1
1		If you are interessted please contact Stanly Falinski on (02) 290 3344.	1

3

SMERRETHE LITST

- 1 > A small unpaid staff of one.
- 2 > A small budget for printing.
- 3 > 30 days to produce each issue.
- 4 > Mil or little material comming in.
- 5 > A regular full time job to keep.
- 6 > Exems to study for.
- 7 > A femme life to live.
- 8 > Many letters of critism each month.
- 9 > Few of encouragement each year.
- 100 A good psychiatrists.

All the things that go into making your newsletter and you were wondering why it is late.

At the end of this article you will find the production schedule for 1984. We are already behind and the years less than a month old. One broken down printer is all it took.

AN you can see the schedule is vary tight indeed and does not enclude the writing or origional material to fill in the spaces left by other material not comming in on time.

Naterial is beginning to come in though and it's hearthing to see a few of you taking the time to write. Greg See-Kee has supplied much material in the peat 8 issues, our president has filled three quarters of a page sech month. Cal Paterson has sent in many programs (Dec 83) and many cuttings of interest from newspapers right across the world. A new lad from Queensland has written much for this issue and I look forward to much more from all of them.

Now — what about you lot ? It does not take an english major to write a note and send it in. It can be about enything at all (within resear that is). Your application is a good place to start, but even better — do you have a favorite program you would like to tell others about, there are many out there who would like more software if only they knee about it, what is does ? What it won't do? How much can you get if for if you shap around ?

Look at the list at the bottom and you'll see a list of "Idees" for stories in future issues. They have not been written yet, they are matting for accesses to write them.

The Caborne is good, but not good enough to work by it's self writing stories (not yet enough).

But heng on here, I'm telling you how it's done not kicking the cat.

STAGE 1:

Segins while the last issum is being put together.

any material that does not go along with the general theme of the issue is put aside. Material that needs checking is put eside. Items of news and other bits that come in late are put aside. This begins to form the body of the next issue. A theme develops if one sum not planned in advance, and as soon at the current issue is off to the post office them it's off and running on the next — and so it goes.

STAGE 21

All the meterial collected is formatted in to columns. The spall checker (The Ward Plus) is run over it for the first time to get out the bugs. (Yes fokes we do check the spelling if there is time)

Then it's put into some sort of rough order.
This could be a leed article, this to Openfile, this to Progress corner and so on.

PACE 3

How much space is left? What needs to be written to finish off stories, enswer letters and tidy up loose ends?

STACE A

A draft layout of the issue is produced in two forms. The first looks just like a mind newsletter about one quester the size of the finished job. This gives a good idea of how it will come together. (See Fig 1.)

From this comes the second Leyout, very different from the first. (See Fig 2.)

This gives the actual page layout including page numbering, advertising space allocated and shows the gaps and problem spats.

STAGE Se

Now thats ower and we have a good idea where to go we sit back down at the Omborne and begin the job of the full formating.

The single columns are now checked again, and if all is well we begin the task of putting them into three columns.

Up to date we have hed to print these single columns and peats them up, but since the problem with the printer has been solved it's not an on screen job that still takes about the name amount of time to do, but gives a better finished job for the printer.

STACE OF

The printing begins and at 13 Che's pur second it's a long and noisy job.

STATE 7

On to the talephone. There are advertisers out there who went to be in this issue, but do you think they can remember the deadlines when they are still counting their money that come in from the last issue? Wo of course they don't.

"Ok, it'll be in the post tonight." That's what they always say. (I had to chase one of them for two months - mother still has not ment material he said he wented in the October inset)

And when it comes it"s reedy to paste up, right ? You should see some of the toilet paper that get's sent in. I did not know they produced that many shades ?

So it's to work yet again.

STACE I

Now you'd think that it was a simple job to produce an informative, simple, straight forward ad for someone? Mrong. Two to three hours, yes hours, the job is finished providing I can find enough metarial to cut up that relates to what they sent to sell. I still don't understand how they can apend thousands producing educationing for other media but think that you, should only get small trails on tailet paper. They would be upper if i just pested it in. It might cause some interest though come to think of it.

STACE O.

The meterial that has to be pasted up. is. The finished sheets are laid out on the floor and organised to match up with the draft. No mistakes here or three weeks work is all in

STAGE 10s

Once it is all in the correct erder, connecting pages are taped together to form the finished job. Now it's not the size you recieve in the post mind you, but some 50 % larger. Infact each page is produced as an A3 sheet and is then reduced by the printer to A4.

STREE 11.

The last real job I have to do is finish the cover. I've been working on it off end on over the past three weeks, trying this end that to make it look right. Then when it looks right it's the last job to finish it off with pen and intramet or what ever lettering and shading I can find.

STACE 12s

I hop on my push bikm, newsletter in hand and take a 21 min trip into the city and the printer.

STAGE 13a

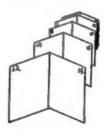
It's all ower her the folding, teping, lebeling and poeting. Just ask some of the others how easy it in TW do this last stap. You will be getting it in envelopes from now on, one tasts of the folding, teping and lebeling was amough for the rest of the committee.

Them it's post them off at least a week prior to the next meeting (not all the time I'm sed to say)

AND THAT'S ALL THERE IS TO IT - JUST IN TIME TO START THE WEXT ISSUE

Three weeks, late nights (at least two all night semmions at the end - $it^{j}s$ 2.50:40 now and only half the issue has been printed)

I also have a second monthly church newslatter to produce (this one has a working committee to spread the load but little meterial and even loss advertising) and the unilings, one second monthly and the other quarterly. As you might guess they all come together once a quarter making life hell. But I like it or I would not be putting up with it.



F36 1.

AUSSOCI84

SCC COMPUTING

ASK FOR Stanley or Mr Kerry Salt.

SERVICE FOR YOUR OSBORNE 1

Professionally executed, expert repairs & service for your Osborne 1 including full backup and after sales service.

UPGRADES

SCREEN PACK (80 - 104 Column) \$ 350.00 inc tax. # DOUBLE DEMSTTY (185 K / Drive) \$ 280.00 inc tax.

CHARGE SERVICE CONTRACTS ******

12 Month contract including a loan machine during servicing. only \$ 295.00

COMMENCICATIONS

CICADA 300 DATA MOD	EM CICADA 300T DATA MODEN
\$ 195,00	P.O.A.
with cable \$ 230.00	P.O.A.
TELESPLITTER \$ 25.00	P.O.A.
COMPLETE SYSTEM \$ 270.00	P.O.A.
,	inc tax.

Communications software (Terminal emulator and RCP/M Protocol) \$ 20.00

OSBORNE COM-PAC (2 only left) \$ 350.00 inc AMCALL softwere and tax.

PRINTERS

DOT MATRIX PRINTERS

		R.R.P.	, a	JR PRICE
CP - 80	400	\$ 475.0	00 - \$	419.00
CITCH 8510	-	\$ 1099.0	00 - \$	950.00
CTTOH 1550	_	\$ 1499.0	00 - \$	1250.00
FACIT 4510	-	\$ 1199.0	30 - \$	990.00

DAISY WHEEL PRINTERS

Brother HR 1 - \$ 1799.00 - \$ 1199.00 HR 15 - \$ 845.00 - \$ 785.00 DAISY WHEELS - \$ 28.00 - \$ 25.00 RIBBONS FROM - \$ 8.00 - \$ 7.00

TIPE WRITERS (inc interface)

Olivetti Praxis 40 \$ 899.00 - \$ 760.00 Olivetti Praxis 41 \$ 1299.00 - \$ 950.00 (Interface cables made up to suit \$ 48.00 for all the above)

QUANT DUT MATRIX PRINTERS CHAND COMMINICATIONS CICADA 300 DATA MODEN CICADA 300T DATA MODEN CP - 80CTTOH 8510 CITCH 1550 OSBORNE COM-PAC FACIT 4510 Address UPGRADES DAISY WHEEL PRINTERS SCREEN PACK Post Code City State DOLLE DESCRIY Brother HR 1 HR 15 DAISY WEELS Please mile Cheque/Money Order SID Telephone payable to : S.C.C. Computing. RIBBONS SERVICE TYPE WRITERS OSBORNE 1 EXECUTIVE 1 Clivetti Praxis 40 BANK CARD Signature Required Clivetti Pracis 41 [] SERVICE CONTRACT [496] [__] [__]

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16. DELTA NEW YEAR SALE KAYPRO II KAYPRO 8	AUSBORNE — User Group — NEKSLETTER — VI. No. 8 — — —	14. AUSSHOP T SHIRTS DISKS CLEAVING KITS HOW DAPS AMERICAN TELEPHONE	3. HOW TO PRODUCE A NEWSLETTER ?	12. S.C.C.	5. HENCH TESTS
WEST WORD SUPER SALE	OMPUTER !*AZE	ADAPTORS. MAIL ORDER FORM			***************************************
2. INDEX COMITTE	15. OPEN FILE.	4. S _c C _c C _c	13.	6. ALESSHOP	11.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	******** ***** ***** ****** ****** *****	PRINTERS A.C.T. HARD DISK DRIVED	000 00 00000 00 000 00 00000 00	PRINTER STANES HENTROR STANES SUPERCALC	11.
2. INDEX CONTITIE	***********	PRINTERS A.C.T.	100 00 00000 00	PRINTER STANDS	***************************************

ALSEONE NEWSLETTER SCHOOLE FOR 1984.

HIMOM	PHOTO TYPE	PASTE UP	PRINTER	MATL LAB ENVELOPE	POST	MEETING- & D/LINE	MONTH
JAN	19/12/83	24/12/83 - 25/12/83	28/12/83 - 30/12/83	01/01/84	04/01/84	18/01/84	JANB4
FEB *	16/01/84	21/01/84 - 22/01/84	23/01/84 - 27/01/84	29/01/84	01/02/84	15/02/84	FEB
MAR	20/02/84	25/02/84 - 26/02/84	27/02/84 - 02/03/84	04/03/84	07/03/84	21/03/84	MAR
APR *	19/03/84	24/03/84 - 25/03/84	26/03/84 - 30/03/84	01/04/84	04/04/84	18/04/84	APR
MAY	16/04/84	21/04/84 - 22/04/84	23/04/84 - 27/04/84	29/04/84	02/05/84	16/05/84	MAY
JIN *	21/05/84	26/05/84 - 27/05/84	28/05/84 01/06/84	03/06/84	06/06/84	20/06/84	JUN
JUL	18/06/84	23/06/84 - 24/06/84	25/06/84 - 29/06/84	01/07/84	04/07/84	18/07/84	JIL
AUG *	16/07/84	21/07/84 - 22/07/84	23/07/84 - 27/07/84	29/07/84	01/08/84	15/08/84	AUG
SEP	20/08/84	25/08/84 - 26/08/84	27/08/84 - 31/08/84	02/09/84	05/09/84	19/09/84	SEP
OCT *	17/09/84	22/09/84 - 23/09/84	24/09/84 - 28/09/84	30/09/84	03/10/84	17/10/84	OCT
NOV	22/10/84	27/10/84 - 28/10/84	29/10/84 - 02/11/84	04/11/84	07/11/84	21/11/84	NOV
DEC *	19/11/84	24/11/84 - 25/11/84	26/11/84 - 30/11/84	02/12/84	05/12/84	19/12/84	DEC
JAN	17/11/84	22/11/84 - 23/11/84	24/11/84 - 28/11/84	30/12/84	02/01/85	16/01/85	JANS

POSSIBLE HARR CONTENT LISTING FOR 1984

HIVOM	DEDAILS
JAN	IS YOUR OSBURNE VALUE FOR MONEY ? - Bench tests on 21 other micros. Bench test program's
FEB	PART 1 - VIU's How safe are they ? How can I protect myself and my family from any dangers ?
MAR	WORD STAR HELPERS - Spell, Grammar, Punctuation & Style checkers. Math overlay.
APR	DATA BASE PROGRAMS - dBASE II, Card Box,
MAY	OTHER LANGUAGES FOR YOUR OSEORNE - Pascal, Cobal,
JUN	COMMINICATIONS - Amcall, Modem7, Yam, Histam, Oterm4,
JUL	WARMING YOUR WINTER MICKIS - Programs, Programs, Programs.
AUG	THE EXECUTIVE - Value for money ?
SEP	GRAPHICS - Osboard, dCRAPH,
OCT	SPREAD SHETS - Super Calc, VisiCalc, CaleStar, Multiplan
NOV	??
DEC	??
JAN	BONUS CHRUSTIANS LIFTOUT OF PROGRAMS YOU CAN USE.

* All listings are subject to change depending on material forth comming from you, the members. *

If you have any thing you would like to say on any of the programs above then drop a disk or if you have comm's then ring it through between 11pm and 6am most mights on (02) 560 5681. *

[See details this issue on how to]





WORD -PAC (Complete) \$250.00

Word -pac items sold individually.

SPELLGUARD	\$	90,00
DOCUMATE/PLUS	\$	40.00
GRAHMATIK	\$	70.00
MATHSTAR	- \$	40,00
FOOTNOTE		70.00

\$2500

ALL YOU MAY EVER NEED

**** FERRUARY SALE ****

We have decided to start the New Year with a sale. So here is a list of our very special sale prices to the end of February.

THM						Qty.	Pi	P.*	OUR	PRICE.	.*
PRIMITES											
STAR	DP5	15				2	\$	1093		699	
STAR	DP5	10				1	\$	660	\$	520	
FACIT	45	10				1	\$	1168	\$	992	
MICROCOM	FUIE	RS.									
KAYPRO		II				1	\$	3295	\$	2600	
KAYPRO		10				1	\$	6215	\$	5685	
ZI SINCL	AIR .	48 Kb				2		399		300	
PHOTOCOP	TERS										
CANNON	PC:	20				1	\$	1345	\$	945	
MONITORS											
KAGA VIS	ION	I				1	\$	485	\$	405	
SOFTWARE	1										
dBASE II	(Ve	raion	2.3)			10	\$	800	- \$	395	
dbase II	(Ve	rsion	2.4)	Orde	ra (mly	\$	900	- \$	530	
dBASE II	(Ve	raion	2.4)	Up-2	rade	2	\$	250	- \$	185	
TUTOR &	ZIP					10		200		45	
OTHERS											
STROBE P	LOTT	ER (S	erial)		1	\$	1400	\$	825	
IBM MULT	T FU	NCTIO	N CAR	D 256	Kb	1	\$	1020	\$	800	

* - Prices include tax.

Orders taken, supplies depend on number of orders.
 Those who order Version 2.4 outright will recieve

- Version 2.3 on receipt of order and Version 2.4

- up-grade as it arrives from Ashton Tate. - 2.4 includes the FULL dBASE II MANUAL

(Not the

- Osborne manual.

The Kaypro family-**Australia's widest** choice of transportable computers.

- Detachable keyboard for maximum manoe
- 9" 80 character x 24 line green phosphor display scree Weighs just 13 kilos, housed in a durable carrying case

Is your Osborne good value?

7

The Table below is part of a much larger Supercalc file, maintained by the author for his own personal interest.

"Benchtesting" is similar to measuring the performance of a motor vechicle. It does not tell us if a machine is the best suited for a particular person or particular use. However, it enables a comparison between different brands and models.

The banchmarks, BM1, BM2,.... to BMB, are use internationally. They test the use of the CPU with Microsoff Besic, and the various aspects of this language. The exceptions are noted below. The other tests are not so well known, but are inluded for interest.

with its Transient Program Arem (TPA) of 59 Kilobytes and banked memory maps, is much faster than most other machines. Most of the others have 56kb or less of TPA.

The Daborne is the fastest low cost business machine on the market, and much faster than any machine up to twice its price. What is remarkable is how slow are some of the well known machines, compared to the Osborne. Compare the speed of any other well known brand such as Tandy, Apple, Commodore or even IBM.

What does this mean in real terms ?? Programs written in FBasic will probably go faster on the Osborne. And programs written in other languages will also go faster. For a test of 1895f II benchmarks, see prother table factor

the speed of the Osborne is shown. An end user will spend less time waiting for results from his or her Osborne.

The Average used here is a true average of the figures in the table. However, - the magazine, Australian Personal Computer, prefers to add extra weight to Benchmerk 8, (BMS). In fact, this benchmark test is weighted ten times more then the figures above. If you use your microcomputer with large numbers of "numbercrunching", then you should use the Weighed Benchmark, since it is also a strong test of methamatical menipulations.

However, most of us I suspect, use the eightbit microcomputer for more ordinary applications. Hence, the plain average is probably the most useful.

BENCH TESTS FROM VA	rious sour	ICES, compiled by Grey	g See-Kee,	Nov. 18	3.		SOURCE	s/	OHER	1			
MICRO	AV * (WEIGHTED) 50.9	i	AVERAGE 22.56	HM1	H12	BB	H44	B+5	BM6	B47	BMB	COMMENTS TESTS NEXT X; END	PRIMES 1031
USCD BASIC	11.5	USCO BASIC	5,73	1.3	1,5	2.6	4.0	4.2	11.4	15,7	5,1	APC_NOV81	
OLIVEITI M20	11.5	OLIVEITI M20	9.65	1.3	4.0	8.1	8.5	9.6	17.4	26.7	1.6	POOS, A. BUS. COM, 2:1, '83	
EBC MICRO	14.6	HBC MICRO	8.81	1.0	3,1	8,2	8.7		13.9	21.4	5.1	APC, NOV82	
* OSB.EXECUTIVE	15.0	SORD M23(COMPILER)	10,25	2.5	2.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	21.0	25.0	7.0		
MINRUE 8820	15.4	VECTOR GRAPHICS VI	11.83	1,0	3.8	10.9	10.7	11.6	20.5	32.7	3.4		
VECTOR GRAPHICS VI	15.7	SHARP MZ80B	11.20	0.6	4.5	8.5	11.5	13.0	19.0	27,5	5.0		
SHARP MZ80B	16.8	MONROE 8820	11.64	2.1	4.2	9.9	10.5	11.0	20.1	32.0	3.3	APC, NOV 82	
IBM PC	17.6	* OSB.EXBOUTIVE	11.58	1.5	4.16	10.7	9.9	10.6	20.3	32.4	3.05	G.SEE-KEE.	742
SORD M23(COMPILER)	18.1	* OSBORNE 1	13.04	1.4			11.6		21.9	34.9	6.1	APC, APR 😂	824
* OSBORNE 1	19.9	IBM PC	13.68	1.5	5.2	12.1	12.6	13.6	23.5	37.4	3,5	APC, DEC81	
EANDY TRS 80 III	20.5	TANDY TRS 80 III	13.75	1.0			13.0		23.0	35.0	6.0		
PANASONIC JB3000,M	20.9	EP 1P125	14.71	1.7	5.0	12.5	12.5	14.0	26.0	40.0	6.0		
HP 1P125	21.5	EL PC	14.81	1.5	4.5		13.5		25,5	40.0	7.0		
MICROBEE	22.0	INTERIEC SUPERERAL	15,21	1.6	5.2	14.0	13.9	14.8	26,0	3.0	43.26		
ICL PC	22.7	APPLE III	16.24	1.7	7.2		14.5		27.0	42.5	7.5		
TANDY III	24.2	PANASONIC JE3000,M	16.38	1.0			13.0			41.0	4.0	NOV81,APC	
	24.5	OHIO C2 4P	16.56	1.4			16.5			39.5	7.5		680
APPLE III	24.7	XENOX 820	17.13	1.7	5.5		15.1		28.9	46.1	8.0		
STRTUS 1/VICTOR	24.8	VIC 20	17.55	1.4			17.1		27.2	42.7	9.9		
1HIO C2 4P	25.0	HILIPS P2000	17.69	1.9			15.7		29.8	47.2	8.5		
IKI IF8000	25.0	HP 85	17.95	1.8			16,5		30,0		12.7	APC, NOV 81	1380
03ROX 820	26.1	KAYPRO II,	18.32	2,07			15.9		30.5	50.4	8.2	GS,15/11/83,MBASTC 5.21	
NEC PC 8001	26.7	APPLE II	18.35	1.3			17.8		28.6	44.8	10.7		960
KAYPRO II,APC	26.9	OKI IF8000	18.54	2.2			16.8		31.8	50.7	5.7		
PHILIPS P2000	27.3	NEC PC 8001	18.78	1.7	8.3		17.8		29.5	49.2	7.0		
KAYPRO II,	27.5	CROMENOD SYSTEM 3	19.18	1.7			17.8		30.2	41.9	22,9		935
/IC 20	28,7	NEC APC	19.63	1.8			18.3		32.3	52,0	8.5	APC,DECS1=20	
VEC APC VEC PC-8000	29.2	NEC PC-8000	19,63	1.8			18.3		32,3	52.0	8.5		
SORD M23 IMPERPRET	29.2	SERIUS 1/VICTOR	19.91	2.0	1.4	17.0	17.5			55.9	4.3		
APPLE II	30.4	KAYPRO II, APC	20.19	2.1			18.0		34.7	56.9	5.93	APC,3:11,82	
P 85	32,2	SORD M23 INTERFRET	20,19	2.5			18.5		35.0	52.0	8.5		
EXCEPT SORGERER	33.3	COMMODORE 2001 COMMODORE 8032	20.89	1.7		18.4	20.4		32.5		12.3		
SHARP NZ 8QA	33.7	HP 86	20,95	1.7		18.4	20.3		32.4		11.9	ATTC: 1000000	
DIMODORE 8032	34.3	HP HP96	21.65	3.0			18.8		36.5		13.4	APC,NOV81	
CO-MODORE 2001	34.7	SHARP MZ 80A	21.65 22.29	3.0	5.2		18.8		36.5		13.4		
OMPUCOLOR II	35.1	EXILY SURCERER		1.5		16.4	22.8		37.7		10.1		
P 86	36.7	HP75C	22,49	1.8	10.0	20.7	22.2	24.3	37.6	53.7	9.6		174
P HP86	36,7	COMPUCCIOR II	22.81	2.6					39.3		13,3	APC,3:11,82	
1775C	37.8	MICROBEE	23.63	2.0	10.9	22,4		25.7	38.7	55.2	10.2	ADG AFF G	0.0
ETACHI PEACH	39.5	TRS COLOR COMPUTER	25.19 25.25	2.7		22.2	17.9 23.9		39.4	67.3	13.0	APC,APR,8	35
RS COLOR COMPUTER	39,9	ZX 81 (FAST)	25.41	4.5			15.8			68.5	22.9		
RS 80 I	44.0	OHIO C3 S1	25.60				23.7				17.6		1976
SYSTEM 80	44.0	CANON CXI	26,38				23.0			54.0	39.0	POOS, A. BUS, ODM, 2:1, 183	1346
HOMENCO SYSTEM 3	44.9	TANDY III	27,60				25.3			10.5	39.0		160E 160
HIO C3 S1	45.4	CASIO FX9000	28.00	2,5			24.0			60.0	36.5	ROM BASIC 44	3 1695 169
X 81 (FAST)	51.2	1)	28.01				25.6				30,3	THEY DACTE	
SINCLAIR SPECTRUM	58.5	ATARI 400/800	28.13	2,3			23.3		40.7	10.6	43.1	DESK BASIC	
MIERIEC SUPERBRAI	63.8	HITACHI PEACH	28.25				26.0		46.0	78.0	10.0		
HARP PC 3201	69.0	VIC 20	28.38	1.34			16.9		26.9	42.5	97.8	ADP NOV OI	
ASIO FX9000	69.1	SINCLAIR SPECIFIM	30.04	4.8			20.4			80.7	25.3	APC, NOV 81	
CANON CXI	70.3	TRS 80 I	30.84				28.5		51.9	81.0			1000
TART 400/800	76.6	SYSTEM 80	30.84				28.5			81.0	11.7		1928
I 99/4	76.6	TI 99/4	33.66	2.9			24.5					ADO MONTOS	
IC 20	138.0	SHARP PC 3201	40.88							84.4 108.0	38.2	APC, NOV 81	
PSON HX20	201.0	EPSON HX20	51.51							101.0	25.0	1072 /10 /00	
ANDY 100	427.0	TANDY 100	66.06	3.5								APC3/12/83	
ANDY 100	434.0	TANDY 100	74.13	31.0	3.0	25.0	29.5	30.0	47.0	102.0	321.0	APC,SEP 83	
	TOTAL	SHARP YX 3200	17934	Uslu	7.0	∠ J ₂ U	47.0	الاسلام	-47 LU	ALL	JULU	WHICH MICRO, AUG, 83	

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JANUARY 4 1984. FROM: DAVID MILLER - INTERNATIONAL VICE PRESIDENT OCC.

WARM GREETINGS AND BEST WISHES FOR THE NEW YEAR

AS A REORGANIZED COMPANY, WE R NOW MOVING FORWARD IN A VERY POSITIVE FASHION. DURING THE PAST WK, LOCAL NEWS HAS CARRIED POSITIVE ARTICLES ON THE FRONT PAGES OF THE BUSINESS SECTION, AND WE R COMMITTED TO:

REBUILDING THE IMAGE OF OSBORNE AND REGAINING OUR POSITION AS A

2. STRENGTHENING INTERNATIONAL DISTRIBUTORS AND OUR SUPPORT IN THE Z. STRENGTHENING INTERNATIONAL DISTRIBUTORS AND OUR SUPPORT IN THE TECHNICAL, SALES AND MARKETING AREAS. OCC IS COMMITTED TO FOCUS 80 % OR OUR RESOURCES AND ATTENTION AT THE INTERNATIONAL MARKETPLACE. MAJOR FORCE IN THE INDUSTRY. OR OUR RESOURCES AND ATTENTION AT THE INTERNATIONAL MARKETPLACE.

3. ADOPTING NEW STRATEGIES AND PLANS FOR THE U.S. MARKET THAT WILL
PROVIDE SALES IN THE SHORT TERM, AND A STRONG BUSINESS IN LONG TERM.

HERE IS A BRIEF SUMMARY AND STATUS OF THE REORGANIZATION PLAN THAT WAS MERE IS A BRIEF SUMMARI AND STATUS OF THE RECEIVED TO THE U.S. COURTS ON DECEMBER 13,:

1. OCC HAS AGREED TO PAY BACK 15.5 MILLION U.S. DLRS TO THE SECURED AND UNSECURED CREDITORS, THE UNSECURED CREDITORS ALSO RECIEVE 20 % EQUITY IN THE NEW REORGANIZED CO.

PRODUCTS TO BE MANUFACTURED THROUGH CONTRACTS AND/OR LICENSING

PRODUCTS TO BE MANUFACTURED THROUGH CONTRACTS AND/OR LICENSING ARRANGEMENTS WITH OTHER COMPANIES. WE ARE CURRENTLY NEGOTIATING WITH THE LOCAL (U.S.) AND INTERNATIONAL PARTIES.

3. THE PRODUCTS THAT OCC WILL CAUSE TO BE MANUFACTURED INCLUDE THE EXECUTIVE 1, THE OSBORNE PC *, AND THE VIXEN *. THE OSBORNE 1 IS STILL AVAILABLE.

4. THE EXECUTIVE 1 WILL CONTINUE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND SUPPLIED 4. THE EXECUTIVE 1 WILL CONTINUE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND SUPPLIED THROUGH 1984. ADDITIONAL CP/M PLUS SOFTWARE IS BECOMING AVAILABLE FROM SOFTWARE VENDORS AND USER GROUPS. INCLUDING A UTILITY PACKAGE THAT WILL BE FOR SALE. MORE NEWS ON THIS SOON

SOFTWARE VENDORS AND USER GROUPS, INCLUDING A UTILITY PACKAGE HAD
WILL BE FOR SALE. MORE NEWS ON THIS SOON.
THE OSBORNE PC * AND VIXEN * IS READY FOR LOT MANUFACTURING RUN,
AND OUR BEST GUESS IS THAT IT WILL BE READY FOR VOLUME SHIPMENT BY

IN ADDITION TO THOSE OSBORNE PRODUCTS. WE WILL BE SOURCING NEW AND 6. IN ADDITION TO THOSE OSBORNE PRODUCTS, WE WILL BE SOURCING NEW AND EXCITING PRODUCTS FROM SILICON VALLEY UNDER THE OSBORNE PRIVATE AND SEMI-PRIVATE LABEL. THIS WILL EXPAND OUR LINES AND COMPLEMENT EXITSING PRODUCTS. THE FIRST WILL APPEAR BY MID 84.

WE ARE LOOKING FOR A SUCCESSFUL NEW YEAR, AND WILL STRIVE TO MAKE 84 EXCITING TO YOU THE USER AND OCC.

BESTS REGARDS DAVID HILLER OCC HAYWARD. CA.

Microsoft hetiline

MICPOSOFT Pty Lid has appointed Phil Jones as technical sup-port specialist, responsible for naming this company's telephone hollins, a service to deal with and and technical queries by and effectively. Jones to be Australia from Hong where he spent the past in modelle as product support ager for Osborne, looking g, India and Indonesia. Previously, he spant three years with some in the US working as a lar support technician and of the system support up. James also will be main-

Pty Ltd, PO Box 96, Turry Hills. NSW 2004. Tel: (02) 450 2522.

Osborne gathering

AUSTRALIA'S

OFST VALUE

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THE first meeting of Melbourne's Obborne users group was held at Melvern City Library on Decem-ber 4. A distributor of Osborne computers in Victoria, Direct Data; has offered help to the user's group and has already collected 6 M-bytes of Osborne conscists 6 M-bytes of Osborne
public domain programs for
members of the user's group.
There would be a nominal charge
for capying and the disc supplied. Source and Osborne catalogues

runther information: Alison West, Direct Data, 1089 High Street, Armadate, Vic 3143, Telephone: (03) 20 6949.

BENCHIESTS, COMPUTER/LANGUAGE. Based on "Microcomputing, September, 1982, PAGE 60 with some added results by the Author, Greg See-lose.

140 FOR N=1 TO 1000 200 IF NOL THEN 220 210 IF M-L THEN 240 150 FOR K-2 TO 500 160 LET MAN/K 220 NEXT K 170 LET L-(INT)M 230 PRINT No 180 IF L=0 THEN 230 240 MEXT N 190 IF L=1 THEN 220 250 PRINT "FINISHED"

100 REM HENCHMARK 1 100 REM BENCHMARK 2 110 PRINT'S" 110 PRINT"S" 120 FOR K=1 TO 1000 120 K=0 130 NEXT E 130 K-K+1 140 PRINT "E" 140 IF K<1000 THEN 130 150 PMD 190 PRIDER "PE" 100 REM HENCHMARK 4 100 RPM RENCHMARK 3 110 PRINTING 110 PRINTING 120 K-0 120 K-0 130 K-K+1 130 K-K+1 140 A-K/R*K+K-K 140 A-K/243+4 5

11111111111111111111111111 TO ERR IS HUMAN TO REALLY FOUL THINGS UP REQUIRES A COMPUTER 111111111111111111111111111

150 IF K<1000 THEN 130 150 IF K<1000 THEN 130

160 PRINT "E"

120 PMD

160 PRINT "E"

170 PMD

TI	ME	SISTEM	TYPE	CPU	SPEED	OP.SYS	LANGUAGE
6	61	COLONIAL	SB80	ZBOA	4 MHZ	CP/M 2.2	MBASTC 5,2
6	62	ALTOS	8002	64			
6	62	CA COMPSY	2810	99	10	**	
6	80	OHEO SCI	C4-P	6502	2 MHZ	086603.2	Level 1 Basic
٦ ا	42	OSBORNE	EXECUTIVE		4 MEZ	CP/H +	MBASIC 5.2
8	204	OSBORNE 1	S Density	280A	4 ME	CP/M 2,2	MBassic 5.2
1	25	CROMENCO	Z-2H	99	-		32K BASTIC, SEP
3 .	20	TANDY	800	-98	-	TRSEOS	Disc Basic
	60	APPLE	II Plus	6502	2 mbz	DOS 3.2	APPLSOFT 2
11	02	KAYPRO	п	280		CP/M 2.2	HBASTC 5,2
111	60	CROMENCO	2/-29	280A	4 MEZ	CDOS 2.36	32K BASIC, LFP
13	46	OHIO SCI	C3/C	6502	2 MEZ	08650	Level 1 Bosic
13	980	HP	HP 85	Prop	NA	NA	Basic
15	000	ZENTH	Z-89	280	2 MEZ	CP/M 2.2	MBasic 5,2
16	14	DEAT	18080	8080	2 1472	CP/H 2.2	MBastic 5,0
16	95	TANDY	80 III	2280	2 MHZ	TESTOS	Disk Busic
17	40	EXIDY	Sorcerer	230	2 MHZ	CP/H 1.4	MBasic 50
19	28	TANDY	80 I	280	2 MEZ	TESTOS	L III Basic

1141 AVERAGE TIME

100 REM BENCEMARK 5 110 PRINT'S" 120 E-0 130 K-K+1 140 A-K/2*3+4 5 160 IF K<1000 THEN 130

150 COSLB 190 170 PRINT "E" 180 BID 190 HETLEN 200 PRINT "E" 210 END 220 BETTEN

100 REM BENCHMARK 6 110 PRINTES 110 PKINT"S" 120 E-0

120 E-0 130 DIH N(5) 140 K-K+1 150 A-K/2#3+4 S 160 COSUB 220 170 ROR L=1 TO 5 180 NEXT 1.

190 IF KOOOD THIN 140

100 REM BENCEMARK 7

130 DEN H(5) 140 K-K+1 150 A-K/243+4 5 160 COSUB 230 170 FOR L=1 TO 5 180 M(L)-A

190 NEXT L. 200 TE K<1000 TREN 140 210 PRINT "S"

220 PMD 230 RETURN



100 REM BENCHMARK 8 LIO PRINI"S" 120 E-0 130 K-K+1 140 A-A*2 150 B-LOG(K) 160 C-SIN(K) 170 IF K<1000 THEN 130 180 FRINT "E" 190 END

What is most noticeable is how fast the Osborne 1 is, with it's ordinary five inch floppy disk drives, compared with the much higher priced mechines with their might

Some of the explanation is that the dBase II code has not yet been optimized for the 16 bit computers yet. This slowness of the 16 bit machines is also true for other computer programs and languages.

inch disk drives, their hard disk drives and their 16 bit Central Processing Units.

The second explanation is that the operating systems of the 16 bit mechines, CP/M-86 and MS-805, are still slow and clumay, compared with CP/M 2.2.

Also, on some emchines, the CPU is not working as fast as the Osborne, or their transient program eres is not as big, or the implementation of the hardware is just plain champy and inefficient. In this last category, we can place the Kaypro, so Osborne-clone, as well a few other Osborne clones.

In the original listings in Australian Personal Computer engazine, the later benchmark tests are weighted so that they carry such more importance then the early benchmark tests. In my summation and morting above, I have corrected this.

The Benchmark tentus

?'90RT' SORT ON C TO BELARN DESCENDENCE USE BELAIN ?'INDEX' INDEX ON M TO LARN SET DEDEX TO LARK

with some additions by the author, Gregory See-lese. s you can easily see, the Osburne 1 is much faster than most machines.

TABLE OF TIMINGS, IBASE II BENCHARK. Based on A'n Microcomputer, Hovenber, 1983,

On the table below, it is by far the least expensive machine listed.

COMPUTER	Final Time	OP. STS	Drive Dri	ive B	Create	Index Co	py Sort	Index	Fine
LARDAM	5,26	CP/M 86	8" 1	8"	2.20	2,47 3,	10 4,04	4,40	5.2
DESCOVERT	6.17	CP/M 2,2	60 Mb 8	8 ⁶⁴	2,07	2,37 3,	15 5.07	5.36	6,17
DESCOVERE	7.05	CP/M 2.2	8" 1	Bet	2,26	3,13 3,	.58 5.33	6.23	7.0
LABITAM	7.17	CP/M 2.2	8e 1	BIN	3.05	3,44 4,	06 5,25	6,22	7.1
DISCOVERY	7.40	CP/M 86	60 Mb 8	844	2.11	2.44 3,	20 6.10	6.56	7.4
MECROMATTION	8.11	CP/M 2,2	10 Mb 8	844	2.26	2,53 3,	50 6,29	7.25	8,1
DISCOVERY	8.17	CP/M 2.2	8º (Bin	2.17	3,04 3,	46 6,48	7.29	8.1
MICROMATION	8,39	CP/M 2,2	8" (84	2.03	2,46 3,	52 7.05	8.01	8,3
CROMENCO	8.55	CP/M 2,2	10 Mb 1	W	3,46	6,34 6,	47 7.56	8,40	8,5
OSBORNE 1 ***	9,18	CP/M 2.2	5.25	5,25	2,29	3,26 4,	43 7.15	8,28	9.1
ICL PC30	9.26	CP/M 2,2	10 Mb .	5,25	3,15	3.54 4.	39 7.19	8.19	9.2
LABCAM	9.53	CP/M 2.2	8 ^m :	5,25	3,04	3,44 4,	45 7.33	8,52	9.5
KAYPRO 10	10.10	CP/M 2,2	10 Mb	5,25	2.20	2,57 3,	46 8,07	8,55	10.1
TEM XT	10,37	MS-DOS 2.0	5 Mb .	5,25	4,20	4.57 5.	26 7.33	8.33	10.3
IBM PC + EXT	10.51	MS-DOS 1.1	5 Mb :	5,25	4.21	4,58 5,	47 8,07	9.10	10.5
KAYPRO II	11.20	CP/M 2,2	5.25	5.55	3,34	4,44 5.	56 9.03	10.24	11.2
IBM PC	11,52	MS-DOS 1.1	5,25	5.25	4.12	5,10 6,	.09 8,46	10.13	11.5
DOT	12,47	CP/M 86	3,25	3.25	4.03	5.19 6.	47 9.52	11.25	12,4
TEM Display	14.04	CP/M 2.2	5.25	5.25	4.26	5.54 7.	34 11.34	13.24	14.0
STRIUS	17.09	CP/M 86	5.55	5,25	3,37	4,57 6,	16 14,42	16.04	17.0
IBM PC	17.46	CP/M 86	5.25	5.25	4.07	5,31 7,	OB 14.52	16.23	17.4
NEC APC	19.16	CP/M 86	8" (8"	3.01	4.19 6.	06 16,56	18,20	19.1
CLIVETT	21.26	CP/H 86	5,25	5,25	5,05	6.44 9.	.00 18,08	19.51	21.2

** Tested with double density.

FRASE USE LABITAM SET TALK OFF STUR 0.4 TO Z STOR 1 TO X STOR 7 TO Y

7 'HHASE 11 DO WHILE XCSOD STOR X/Y TO Z

STOR (X+00000+Z)/Y TO MW

STOR STR (MV,5) TO MA STOR MAN "THIS IS A TEST" TO MB STOR STR(500-L.5) TO MC

STOR X+1 TO X ENEDS.

(APPEND BLANK

MSP

?'INDEX' INDEX ON C TO LABC SET INVEX TO LABO

REPLACE C WITH MC,A WITH MA,B WITH MB,N WITH Z, M WITH X

? 'COPY' COPT TO BELABIAM ? ' BND COPY' USE BELABITION

?'FIND IN REVERSE! STOR 249 TO X DO WHILE XXX STOR STR(X,5) TO Z FIND &Z DISP STUR X-1 TO I END 2ºFMP

PER TURN



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FEBRUARY DULY SPECIAL-----FEBRUARY ONLY SPECIAL-----FEBRUARY GRLY SPECIAL
                                                                       LY SPECIAL
              FEBRUARY O
                                                                        Y SPECIAL
FEBRUARY
                                                                          SPECIAL
FEBRUAR
                                                                           PECIAL
FEBRUA
               IF YOU STILL WANT TO BUY THE EXECUTIVE 1 NOW IS THE TIME. PRICES ARE ALREADY ON THE INCREASE AS OSBORNE COMES BACK ON LINE, YOU WON'T GET ANOTHER CHANCE.
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COMPARISON CHART, COMPUTERS, PRINTERS

COMPUTERS	Wt	PRINTERS	Wc
TOTAL WEIGHTED SCIRE Value for money Utility/portability Range of users	.8	TOTAL WEIGHTED SCIRE Value for money Unility/portability	.8 .8 .7
Softwere innovation Masory capacity Disk capacity Processor speed Graphics Graphics s/w support Electronic design Keyboard engonomics Softwere engonomics Colour Sound	.8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .7 .7	Ronts, typefaces Memory capacity Paper flexability Printing speed Graphics Graphics s/w support Electronic design General ergonomics	.8 .8 .7 .6 .8 .7
Construction quality Mechanical Design Disk Competability	.7 .6 .5	Construction quality Mechanical Design Feed mechanisms	.7 .6 .8

This table was compiled by Greg See-Kee.

The computer section on the left is based on the weighings used by YOUR COMPUTER magazine.

However, the section on the right, PRINTERS, has not been tested.

A first time buyer may get an idee of some of the variables to consider, and the weights to give to the variables, eccording to their planned needs and uses mechinery. the

PTP PATCH

One problem which is often encountered with PIP.COM is that there is no convenient method to transfer files to and from several differant diskettes without rebooting CP/M and rerunning PIP after each output disk change.

This is especially a problem when some of your archive disks do not contain a system, and also when your system does not allow warmhooting from a single density disk. These patches to PIP.COM add a special commend to allow the disk system to be reset, which allows the output diskettes to be charged and then restored to R/W statue.

The idea for these patches came from LIFE-LIMES, October 1981. This coding of the idea, however, is my own and is placed in the PUBLIC DOMAIN for all to use as they desire.

The useage is simple: When you have finished with an output disk, change it. Then, before doing anything else, let your first command be the single character which you specified in this file to be your reset character. I chose "R". When the prospt returns, all disks have been restored to R/W status.

Almo, the opportunity was taken to make PIP give a signon message, to help weed out the pld versions, especially v1.4

Additional notes on PIPPATCH and B

While I was at it, it seemed a good idea to be while to repeat the previous command without having to retype it. This feature takes advantage of the fact that CP/M doman't bother to clear the console input buffer, but instead just overwrites a portion of it, based on what was typed.

The commend to repost the last commend is also specified at assembly time. I have chosen the ! character for this, for no particular reason. If you don't like it, change it !

Patches courtesy of: Louis Moceley, Jr. 2576 Glandele Ct. NE Conyers, GA 30208 (Reciprocation encouraged.) PATCH FOR IMP: AND OUT: ADDED FROM MICRO-SYSTEMS JULY 63 THIS IS SIMPLE SERIAL TRANS-FER WITH HANDSHAKING FOR LONG HEX FILES BET-WEEN DIFFERENT COMPUTERS RECEIVE FIRST WITH DID NEETI ENAME-IND:

TRANSMIT WITH PIP OUT:=N:FILENAME.BOF: LOAD BY SENDING PIPATCH, HEX AND THEN USE DIF HD. PIP.COM IPIPATCH.HEX

anno

SAVE 29 PIP.COM

EQU OB : HDOS READER IN (CHAR IN A) HOU 04 HEROS PUNCEI OUT (SEND CHAR PUNCH :IN E)

org 100H ; program start.

juop silgnon JMP RCV

JMP JMT

RCVDEA: IB 0

MVI C, READER RCV:

CALL BOOS :GET REALER CHAR

STA ROVDEA

MOV E.A.

MVI C, PUNCH

CALL BOOS :BOHO THE CHAR OUT FOR :HANDSHAKE

RET

MOV E,C DIT:

HOW C.PUNCH

CALL BOOK ; SEND OUT A CHAR

MOV C. REALER

CALL HOOS ; AND HOHO IT TO HANDSHAKE

RET

stignon: Ida febil pes a comend given on the comend line?

jnz. O4CEH ;akip new stignon westerge

;if so

ixi d,mgl;else give new signon :meggage

mwi c,9

call bios purite it to commole

jup 0402H; join mainline code

db Odh, Oah

mgl: 'PIP v2.2 DNP & OUT',Odh,Oah ф

DB. 'R-RESET !-REPEAT ', OILH, ONL, '\$'

getcon: Ltd h.buff

mvi m,80H ;specify max length of

reply

schg ;buffer address to DE

mvi c,10; bdos command to read

;console buffer

call bios ;ask bios to do it

lds buff+1 ; length of reply cpi 1 ; just 1 caharacter entered?

juz gobak ; let PIP process the

;cosmend if not

lda buff+2; first (and only) char :typed

cpi rptchr; was it the repeat command

jnz getcl ; jump if not

REPEAT command - Restore first 4 chars of the console buffer to

PRINTER STATUS WITH/FOR dBASE II

The program requires dBASE II wer 2.3b. Osborne 1, DD, ver 1.44. It uses a cell to E120H (E520H for SD) to check the late device status so it may work on the sarial interface provided handshaking is used. The example only checks the status once therefore, if necessary, use a DO MAILE loop.

PRINTER STATUS COMMAND FILE

* By Colin Kemp 24/11/83

* This program checks the statum of a

* printer connected to the IEEE port.

SET TALK OFF

* 45056 = 8000H : temporary area for

subroutine

STURE 45056 TO ADDRESS

SET CALL TO ADDRESS

* the subroutine is POKEd into memory

PURE ADDRESS, 205, 45, 225, 50, 0, 176, 201

* then CALLed CALL

* on return 8000H = O if printer is OFF.

* deselected or out of paper.

* ACCOH = 255 if printer is ready.

* we can then elert the operator

STORE PEEX(ADDRESS) TO STATUS

IF STATUS = 255 RETURNI

ELSE.

? 'PLEASE CHECK PRINTER'

? 'ENTER RETURN TO CONTINUE'

ENDIF

ACCEPT TO TEMP

RETURN

(PIP PATCH CONT...)

their former contents, echo the old command to

console, RESET disk system, and let PIP

reprocess it

lhld stash ; restore length and first ;cher typed

ehld boff+1

lxi d,mag3 ; Disk system reset mag

■i c,9

call bios

lxi d,mag2 ;'Reposting...' reconge mai c,9

call bios parite it to console

lxi h,buff+l ;get length byte

mov c,m ;to reg BC

wi b,0

inx h ;get buffer start addr to HL

ded b ;point to first free position

in buffer mri m, '\$' ;flag end of line with a \$

lxi d,buff+2

mvi c,9

call bdos ;echo line

eri c,13 ;bdos command to RESET

call bdos

ret ; let PIP process the previous

;command again db Odh, Oah **m**g2: ďb

Repeating: \$1 and 5FH :convert lc to UC getcl:

;note don't use for numbers)

cpi. ratchr ; is it the user-specified

:RESET command?

jnz gobek ;let PIP process if not ; RESET command - make all diskettes R/W

hri dang3 ; Disk system reset mag swi c,9

call bdos

mvi c,13 ;bdos commod to RESET

call bdos

call crlf

;clear stack pop h

jup 530H ;rejoin command loop

:within PIP



TE

SCC COMPUTING

eng3: cb CDH,CAH db *All disks made R/N.\$1 y not a special command, so steph the console ; buffer for later gobek: Ihld buff+1 ;save length and first scher typed whld steen ret ;and back to PIP to process dw | D pro initial command org 96FH spatch PIP to vector to ithis routine jap getcon equ il jop/m entry point bdos mou GSCH idefault fcb fcb equ 082EH :PIP's internal CR-LF celf proutine equ 1608H (PIP's Input buffer buff. ratchr aqu 'R' sput your choice for the preset ther here rptchr equ '11' ;seem here for the repest scommend cher

TITLE SCREEN SIZE SELECT FOR DSBORNE 1

Copyright G. Cohen 1983 (Verator 1.1 11-30 PM 18-8-1983 .280 BOOS CALLS AND EQUATES MPBOOT EOU D EQU 5 BOOS EOU SCH FCB CURREC EQU FCB+32 CONIAN EQUI 1 CONDUT EDU 2 PSTRING EQU 9 SELDSK EQUITE (SELECT DISK OPENF EQU 15 : OPEN DISK FILE DLOSEF EQU 16 :CLOSE DISK FILE SEARCH EQU 17 (SEARCH FOR FILE NAME DELETE EQU 19 (DELETE DISK FILE READSQ EQUI 20 (READ SEQUENTIAL DISK FILE MRITSQ EQU 21 PARITE SEQUENTIAL DISK FILE EQU 22 JAME MEN DISK FILE MAKEE SETOMA EQU 26 ; SET DISK RECORD ADDR (DMA) GENERAL SYSTEM EQUATES ZERO EQU 0 Q.S EQU: 1AH CR. ECU COH ĻF EQUI DAH SPACE EQUI 20H ESCAPE EQU 18H (SINGLE QUOTE MARK QUOTE EQU 27M HODIO LIQB TPA HODOGAO COS CA MUSTA EOU 2400H SIZE DROCKAS START ASER ORG TPA JCP/N START LOCATION # MAIN PROGRAM TO RUN ADDRESS (RUN AD) LD. HL, BEG MY START OF MOVE DE, RUN AD | | LOCATION TO MOVE TO Ш BC, ENDPRG-RUN AD ; LENGTH OF PIONE ம \$CK, NOW MOVE IT LDTR JP RUN AD #JUMP TO RELOCATED PROG NAIN PROGRAM START BEG IN: I PODITER FOR START OF MOVE

PENU

SGET OPTION LD A, (FCB+1) CP 151 t19 IT 52 JR NZ,40T52 LD A,00 JR SWITCH MOT52: CP 181 :IS IT 60 JR NZ.NOT80 ED A.03 JR SMITCH NOTEO: CP '11' :15 IT 104 JR NZ,ERROR EXIT LD ALOS JR SWITCH ERROR EXIT: CALL SIZROFI LD A, (SIZE) CALL SIZERAN LD DE, ERROR MESSAGE

SCHECK FOR SCREEN PAC BIT 2,A OR 2,PRINT EXIT :YES=0 LD DE, MO SCREEN PAC PRINT EXIT. LD C.PSTRING CALL BD05 JP WIBOUT SMITTCH SCREEN SIZE : ACC HAS SCREEN SIZE VALLE CALL SHEROM LD A, (SIZE) CALL SHIZRAN BIT 2,A ;CHECK FOR SCREEN PAC OR Z, SCREEN PAC ; JUMP IF YES POP AF LD DE, NO SCREEN PAC JR PRINT EXIT SCREEN PAC: POP AF CALL SMEAGN 10K, SCREEN PAC FITED LD (SIZE),A CALL SWZRAM 200 # SMITTCH TO HOP AND I/O IN BANK 2 # AND SAVE ALL REGS 942R011 DT PUSH AF #A-ZERG AND RESET COND CODES XXX A OUT (ZERD), A SWIEN: POP

I MID SAVE ALL REGS

SM2RAMA

DI
PUSH NF
LD A,1

OUT (1),A

JR SWHEN

MESSAGE AND VARIABLE AREA

ENROR MESSAGE:

DB CLS,CR,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF

DB ' TO CHANGE THE SCREEN SIZE'

DB CR,LF,LF

please type

2 SMETCH TO RAM AND 1/0 III BANK 1

08 CR,UF,UF 08 '9CREEK 52 tm'

DB 4

AET.

SCREEN 80 oz f DB DB CR.LF.LF "SCREEN 104 or" EIB. DB CR,LF,LF, 151 NO SCREEN PACE CLS,CR,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF,LF DB "I" QUOTE, "M SURRY, BUT THIS" 80 CR,LF,LF PROGRAM UNLY OPERATES! DB 98 CR.LF.LF TON OSBORNE COMPLITERS! ĎΒ na. CR.LF.LF 'WITH THE SCREEN PAC' DB DB CR, LF, LF

DB CR.LF.LF

ENDPRG: SEND FOR RELOCATE

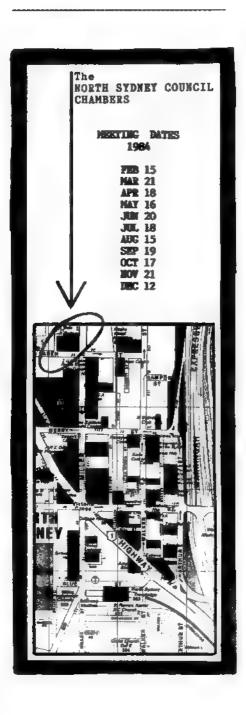
"OPTION FITTED"

CR, LF, LF, '\$'

DB

DB

END





EXECUTIVE COLUMN By Trevor Bird 22 Onc 1983

Executive Conf.

New Number of the group who are proud owners of the Executive will no doubt have been anxious to find out about everything concerning the Group from their newly received -ALS/NEW.OOT diskette.

Outifully following the instructions on the disk, they put it in drive A, press RETURN only to get the message "DISK MOT WALID SYSTEM DISK, PRESS RETURN TO TRY AGAIN,".

This of course is most frustrating to those of you who are new to computers and are not familiar with the vegezies of different systems. The problem of course is that we set up the Hemberhip Disk for the Deburne 1 with its version 2.25 CP/M operating system. How of course this is rather different from the Version 3.0 CP/M Plus used by the Executive.

Those in the know will have COPYSYSed the disk and bosted it in the normal fashion or booted the system from some other system disk and reviewed the directory to find:

-AUS/MEN.001 The disk library name.

AUTOST .COM A startup program used by the Osborne 1 that will not work on the Executive.

LIGRARY .OUC This ill the Software Library abbreviated documentation to give you an idea of what it contains.

AUSCON .DOC This is the constitution of the Ausborne User Group.

O .COM This is a DIRectory program that gives you the file remes, size, and the space left on the disk.

> In using 0.COM you will find you get an error message if you type 0 8: to check the DIRectory on the 8 drive, assuming you have 0.COM in the A drive.

> It appears the colon (:) is unnecessary as the 8 DIRectory pops up on the W 8 command and appears to work (add & subtract for sizes) satisfactorily on the Executive.

EEP .COM This is a very useful utility progree for copying, deleting and visading files.

> This is Version 1.2 and though there are later versions in the disk library, this version gives correct disk space totals where the later versions do not.

This can result in file transfers being aborted because SMEEP.COM thinks the destination disk is full when there may still be sufficent space. (Maybe someone has a fix for this problem? - If no how about passing it on so we can all Column benefit)

This is the most useful utility program in the disk library but it will MOT work on the Executive. Hes enyone de-bugged UNERA.COM or III there enother program out there that will do the same job on the Executive?

???????.DOC All DOC files should be read (using Wordster in either 'D'ocument az 'N'on document wode.

> All these films are well worth the printing, (if you have a printer) reading and filing for later reference.

I am currently putting a NEW DISK together for Executive 1 owners to receive when they join. So, if you are unhappy with the present disk please send it back (with your reserv/s why you are unhappy - please include your name and Memberhip number 'ON' the disk using the following steps. Indicate your reservs on a Wordstar file called REASONS.DOE and your name/number by skiting Wordstar, at the Ac prompt type SAVE B ORIVE:NAME.NUM.

Eg. SAVE O BE-MORTHUN.002

This will identify your disk as you will ass when you D(irectory) H your disk.) to P.O. Box C 530 Clarence Street, SYDMEY.MSW.2000. Please make sure it is packed as you received it.

If you have the OLD Gaborne 1 Memberrip disk please return it and we'll sent you the carrent Executive Memberrip disk. (Don't forget to follow the disk identification listed above.)

SOFTWARE LIBRARY AND THE EXECUTIVE

The problems listed above highlight a problem that could affect a lot of the software in the Group's library.

It boils down to a fact that if the softmare makes direct system calls, it may not run on the Executive.

The only way to find out is to try all the programs in the library on the Executive and identify those that will work.

Checking all the software in the library will be a mammoth task and needs your assistance. If you obtain software from the library and it works on your Executive PLEASE LET US

EVEN BETTER STILL

If you create a version of any of the library moftwere for the Executive, send it in to the library so all can benefit.

EXECUTIVE BUGS

A couple of bugs have come to light in the Executive's anothers.

GOOD AND BAD HENG

First the good.

There is a bug in the 8105 version 1.0 that courses a marring message...

"BIOS error device (device name) not ready, unaesign this device $\{Y \text{ or } N\}7^m$,

This warning designed to tell you if your printer was properly connected and receiving data. In does this by checking to see if the printer is ready, every seven seconds.

Unfortunately slow printers with large buffers often take longer then this time to request data, hence the message.

The FIX for this is available in the form of a disk containing CP/M Plus system tracks which include 8IOS Version 1.1 together with SETUP.COM Version 1.2. Both should be available from your dealer under warranty.

The revised RIDS and SETUP.COM will be included on the new Executive Member introductory diskette.

Now for the Bed news,

There is a bug in the INSTALLS.COM used to modify such things as printer disensions in the SUPERCALC program SC.COM.

The progrem appears to run okey end lets you think you are changing the parameters you wish to change, including apparently saving the information to disk on the 'E' commend.

However, when you run SC.COM you will find nothing has changed. This can be confixed by running DNSTMLLS.COM again.

I've reported this to my dealer and I'd suggest you do likewise as it's most frustrating having to pet around the problem.

To give you am idea of one way of getting eround it.

When working with Supercale I always went my dut matrix printer to use compressed print, giving 136 columns across an A4 page and a page length of 72 lines.

As INSTALLS.COM won't change SC.COM I set the page dimensions using the SETUP.COM option of the '/o' command prior to printing with the '/o' option.

OOPS - DEPARTMENT

Correction for CUPPACK.COM with the Executive Signal Converter

In the previous column there was a Transmit Data Signal Inverter for using the Comm-Pac modem with the Exec.. Unfortunately a couple of arrors and omissions occurred. I know at least orm Member picked them up because he pointed them out. not specified. It should be a 5.1.

Secondly, the corrections:

- * The resister shown at the bottom of the circuit as 10 ohm should be 10k ohm.
- * The wire going to pin 2 of uA741 should be connected to pin 2 of the RS-232C connector.
- * The wire from pin 6 of the uA741 should go to wire 3 on the Data Comm modern.

PUBLICATIONS LIBRARY by Trever R. Bird

Detailed below is the formal policy for the operation of the AUG Publications Library. It may appear a little daunting but it is my belief that the policy must be clearly stated so we all know the ground rules for its operation.

So what have we got in the Library you sak? Good question.

I'm in the throws of outting together a full catalogue but I owess the two sost popular books in the library would be the Field Service Manuals for the Osborne 1 and the Executive. Sorry, folks we don't have the Techinoal Panual for either of them.

Robert Brown has kindly donated ten editions of FOGHORN, the official publication of the First Osborne Group. These contain a weelth of good hints and tips.

Unfortunately we have only three editions of the Portable Companion in the library. Is there anyone out there who can donete copies of this excellent magazine devoted to our favorite toy? The editions we have are the Premier edition (Jun/Jul '82), Aug/Sep '82, end Aug ¹83.

One book a lot of Hember have asked for and which unfortunately is out of print, and it appears to be as scarse as the proverbial hen's teeth, is the Osborne/RcGraw-Hill publication "General Ledger- CBASIC" which is the prise reference text for General Ladour software that is included in the Software Library on disks -FUG/APP.001 and -FUG/APP where a copy can be purchased, would be most appreciated.

AUSBORNÉ USER GROUP

PURLICATIONS LIBRARY POLICY

The Ausborne User Group Publications Library is run on a volunteer service to the Resbut of the Ausborne User Group. The resources of the Library are limited and in most cases only one copy of each publication is held. This of course means that while one Mamber has a publication on loan, all other Hember are deried access to it. In view of this, the following policy has been determined with the aim of providing all Member with an equitable level of access.

LONG POLICY

All Member are entitled to borrow publication from the Library, unless such entitlement is withdrawn due to a breach of these borrowing roles.

Only one publication will be losmed to a Member at a time.

Fach Publication loaned to a Member MIST be covered by a DEPOSIT. (It is hoped this will encourage the forgetfull to be less so.) The Deposit is to be paid in Cash or Cheque. The Deposit will be returned to the Gorrower provided the publication is returned within the nominated Loan Pariod.

Mambers who do not return publications within the remineted Loan Pariod will automatically forfiet the Deposit. This DOES NOT mean you can keep the publication, it just meens you have lost your deposit and it way be used by the Group to purchase more publications.

Members who fail to return publications will not be entitled to borrow further publications until the first publication is returned.

Persistent failure to return oublications within the Loan Period may result in a Member's borroading entitlement being withdrawn.

Mombers borrowing AUG Library publications shall! be responsible for ALL costs associated with postage, loss, damage, and defacement of publications lossed to them. Such charges will be deducted as Service Fees from the Deposit prior to its return.

LOWIS PROCEDURE

Requests to borrow Group publications should he wailed to:

> MIG Publication Librarian Aughorne Users Group P B Box CS30 Clerence St. SYDNEY HIS 2000

Each request should resinate the publication preferably by name and Group Publication Number, e cheque mede psymble to "Ausborne Users Group" to the amount of the Deposit,

Allow 10 to 14 days for the publication to be mailed back to you before chasing too vigorously as the Librarian's time is limited"

Alternatively, publications may be collected, or referenced without removal from the Library, by phoning the Librarian, Traver Bird on 6841335 between 2000 and 2130 Monday to enyone will enswer but give it a try.) A time convenient to Trever will then be arranged for your visit to the Library.

SHOTOCOPYTHIC POLICY

The majority of the publications contained in the Library incorporate Copyright provisions, and as such reproduction is illectl.

Meterial prepared by the Ausborne Users Group may be copied by Mambers for their own private use and may be copied for others provided it is not done for commercial gain.

The AUG Library DUES NOT operate a photocopying service.

DEFINITIONS.

DEPOSIT

The security held equinet the loan of a publication to a Number. The amount of the Dupoait will be set from time to time by the Conmittee of the Ausborne User Group. The Deposit is set at \$20,00.

LIGAN PERTOD

The Loan Period starts the day of issue of the publication by the Librarian and extends fourteen (14) days thereafter. Mote that publications must be returned WITHIN the Loan

SERVICE FEE

The costs incurred by the AUG Librarian in packaging, posting, recovering and repairing env demene associated with losning a publicstion to a Member. The Service Fee VILL be deducted from the Deposit prior to its return to the Member.

est thing you can do or your compute

Next to beeping all your data on Verbatim Datalife — flexible disk veroamm beausing—neconer cases, the best thing you can do for your computer or word processor is to incep it running clean and error-free. And the way to do just that is with Verbatim's new Datalife Head g Kit.

All you have to do is remove a Cleaning Disk from its protective pouch, put the disk in the special jacket, insert it into your drive and turn it on.

In just 30-60 seconds, your drive heads are cleaned.

Cleaning,

with your Datalife Hend Cleaning Ed there's no hit and mise applying solvents that can sphash and spill, what's more, with Dutalife Cleaning Dishs every time you clean your heads, you can do it with a frest clean, disnosable dish

anns both Single on al Hand Drives Safe

There's no worry about damaging you system with Datalife Cleaning Dishs. system with Danabe Capuso And you can use them on six dual head drives.

Prote ct ye Protect year investment.
The Datalife Head Cleaning Eit will help you guard against data lose, errors, and degradation of system performance because of debris constamination.
So if you want your data back verbation, there it on Verbation dislos.
And keep your disk drives clean with Verbation's Datalife Head Cleaning Eit.

> AUSBORNE USER GROUP P.O. BOX 0530 CLARENCE ST SYDNEY 2000



SOFTWARE REVIEW

JRT Systems sell this package for \$39.95 but allow frem distribution and copying of the 150 page menual.

Features worth noting are -

indexed files
erase/rememe files
screen handling
dynamic sessory menegement
PICTURE for formatting data
CP/H interface (if you need it)
dynamic procedure trace
dynamic line trace
INCLIDE files
activity analyzer

There are 3 disks in the library -

- 1) compiler, library
- 2) run-time system, library, most common functions
- 3) other functions
- I have set up my development system on double density as follows -
 - MUROSTAR set up for program development Per system under development.
 - 2) compiler, library, system INCLUDE files, SMEEP. (or equivalent)
 - 3) source and compiled programs.
 - a) nun-time system, library, required functions, cospiled programs plus SMEEP if room.

Editing -

A: WORDSTAR B: sources. (or includes)
Compiling -

As Compiler B: sources, compiled prog-

Type JRTPAS3 program-name.

Setup for running -

A: Run-time III compiled programs.
Run SWEEP to copy from 8: to A:
Running -

IN Run-time 8: system data files. Type EXEC program-mans.

NOTE for all options and language commands refer to menual. Have fun. Eddie Chivers (D2) 997-2271 Sydney Australia.

> SPELL.BAS Spelling chacker details. By Charles O. Arcanssux

This program appeared in Creative Computing, June, 1983.

It certainly works, although it has some drawbacks.

- 1/ It is allow and keeps the disk spinning almost continuously while it hunts for words.
- 2/ You have to build your own dictionary.
- 3/ It has none of the normal bells and whistles — it doesn't mark misspelled words or suggest correct spellings or do anything like that.
 - It just stops when it finds a word that's not in its dictionary and gives a warning beep. It's up to you to check the spelling and enter the word in the dictionary, skip it as being correct but not worth entering or mark the word on a printout for later correction.

4/ You really need double density because you will use up space quickly as your dictionary expands. There is no provision for compacting words to save space. Also, it's helpful to have MBASIC on the disk.

Start operations with RUN "SPELL". The program will ask you for the name of the document file to check. Don't specify the disk. The program expects to find the document on 8 (see line 210). Then it will ask if it should akip any words and, if so, how many pages. This is provided so that you can start checking anywhere in a long document. You will need to experiment because the pages don't relate to MoreStar pages.

From there on, just sit back and wait for your Deborne to been at you and tell you that it can't find a word. Incidentally, the program ignores figures and punctuation marks.

If you want to record the word in the dictionery, hit R. If you want to quit checking and get back to Besic, hit Q. If you just want to skip the word and keep going, hit any other key.

The dictionary is broken into two programs. NORD4 holds all words up to four letters in length. RNORD5 holds all other words, up to 15 letters in length. The dictionary won't accept words of more than 15 letters. Note the trap in line 485.

SPELDISK.BAS can be ignored. It was only necessary to set up MURDA and RMORDS in the first place.

As published in Creetive Computing, the program would not read WordSter files because WordSter sets the eighth bit of selected letters. I added lines 375 and 415 to overcome this problem.

As you keep adding words to the dictionery, they are put into a temporary store. Every now and then the program will stop for 10 or 20 mecands to organise the store and then continue. After a while, these stops will get more frequent and everything will slow down too much.

When that happens, it's time to transfer everything to the main dictionary. Hit Q and the program will ask if you want to transfer the temporary store (line 870). If you answer Y it will start transferring and sorting on disk. This can take some time but the mechine will beep when it's finished. Then you can start again and go through the rest of the document.

As your dictionary builds up you will get fewer stops and things will run more smoothly, but that will take many smoths. RMURDS and MURDA contain the dictionary that I have built up but there would be only about 2,000 words or less. It's up to you to build your own dictionary, tailored to your own needs. Just make sure that a word is correct before adding it to the dictionary or you will only be compounding your own errors.

One suggestion by Charles Arcaneaux is to get a document that you know is correct, then alter the SPELL program to eutometically load the dictionary. Check that the document doesn't contain one-off words that you don't went. Also, breek it into, say, 500-1,000 word segments. Otherwise the program will get indicestion.

I decided to try it while I was typing this and expected some difficulty in altering the program. As It happens, all that is needed is

one extra line

575 GOTO 620

and it goes into submetic operation. It certainly speeds up the work of building a dictionary. Before I ren it I wade a copy of the document with WordStar and deleted the words I did not want in the dictionary.

The program in outcomatic mode is on this disk as SPELAUTO.BAS.

A brief breakdown on the program.

Lines 10-190 set things up and define two errays. T\$ is the translate table that makes everything lower case. W\$ is filled with short WDRD4 words.

Lines 200-210 ask for the document to reed. Lines 220-340 decide where to start reeding.

Lines 350-390 look for the start of a word. Lines 400-450 build the word and display it.

Lines 460-560 do a binary search of the temperary file.

Lines 570-610 ask if a word is to be enter-

Lines 620-730 put a new word in the temporery file. Lines 740-860 do a binary search of the

dictionery.
Lines 870-950 handle the closing routine.

Lines 960-1010 collect words longer then four letters.
Lines 1020-1220 mergs the long words with the

dictionery, Lines 1230-1270 enter the new dictionary langth in the header and end.

J. J. Sulliven, Kallangur, QLD Nov 19, 1983.

MORDHOLDOC

From Practical Computing, Suptember 1982

Mordno is a little Basic program that will count the number of words in a document. It does that and nothing else.

Most people will find it of little practical use, but it is invaluable for any professional writer. Megazine editors like to know the word count of any article submitted. So do newspaper editors and book publishers.

Mondmo was written by David Green, of Meirobi, Kenya, specifically to hendle Word-Ster files on an Osborne 1. I added a few lines to clear the screen and put a message up to let the operator know the program is actually doing something. As David Green says, the program is not fast.

Start it with RUN "MORDON". It will ask for the name of the file to count. Type this in and specify the drive if it's on 8. In David Green's servis.....

"The file is read in one byte at a time, then AMDed with 127 to mask the high bit. Control characters are ignored.

"If a printable character is found, a flag is set. If a space or carriage return is found when the flag is set then a word is counted and the flag reset (cleared? JJS). When the file ends, the total is printed.

"It is a little slow—it takes about M seconds to count 1,000 words on an Osborne 1, but it is not the sort of program you need to run all the time. It certainly beets counting by hend.

"The progrem counts hypheneted words as one, unless at the end of a line when it counts two. Things like an isolated esterisk or a row of stars count as single words. The last word will not be counted unless you finish

J. J. Sulliven, Kallangur, Qld Nov 19, 1983.

with a Return."

R.C. ELECTRONICS CATALOG of HARDWARE and SOFTWARE An overview

R.C. Electronics combines a Camberra based R&D laboratory with a flourishing consultancy covering most of the micro computer world. Geoff Cohen, our chief designer has the answer to most Microcomputer problems.

Geoff has had 20 years experience in electronics and computing, with many years running electronics laboratories at the Australian National University.

One of our recent projects was designing the new Osborne 80 Column Screen Pac at our design lab in Canberra. Geoff then spent three morths working with Osborne Computer in Silicon Valley (USA) getting his prototypes to the final production version. We are currently working on some innovative hardware for the ISM PC.

R.C. Electronics can also supply your complete computer meeds, and can sell you a wide range of Computer systems.

Please note that we are still supporting the Daborne 1 , with comprehensive stocks of spares, plus 80 column, Double Dansity and Calendar Clock upgrades for the Osborne 1. We also sell a comprehensive range of printers, modems, paper, interface cables and east important of all, reliable service and training by an acknowledged expert in the field.

We also specialise in those really knotty problems that others put in their "too hard" basket, including communications between various computers and interfacing those supposedly standard components (the ones that wont talk to each other when assembled) and "one off" electronic design and software jobs including our exclusive 1.8M Byte Floppy Disk versions of computers, including the Deborns 1, and IBM PC.

Most importantly we will not sell you a series of 'black boxes' and then leave you to get it all running, we will set up your complete system and thoroughly train you in it's operation. We are also evailable over the phone if you need help. So if you have a question at 7pm on Saturday we can still help you, you don't have to wait until Monday moorning.

R.C. Electronics also provide a comprehensive range of Computer hardware, with our stendard range listed below, and also the proven ability to design and build your special purpose hardware (or noftware) requirements. Remember, Osborne Computer Corporation chose our 80 column Video, and these are still selling very Well.

DOUBLE DENSITY

For the Osborne 1, doubles your disk capacity, and enables upgrading to 1.8 Maga8ytes with the Super-I-O board. Also includes A.V's Bios (see below), and lets your computer read IEM, Kaypro, Dec, Morrow and Xerox disks.

80 COLUMN SCREEN PAC

For the Daborne 1, provides software selectable screen sizes of 52, 80 and 104 characters per line. Highly recommended for Word-processing and also for Supercalc. Also includes A.V's Bios (see page 4), and lets your computer read IBM, Kaypro, Dec, Morrow and Kerox disks.

THE SUPER 1/0 BOARD

3 DISK DRIVES in your Osborne One, with up to 1800 Kilobytes of storage, by fitting two 800K slim line double sided disk drives in place of one standard Osborne disk drive. The other disk drive is left 'as is' for reading and writing standard diskettes. Also includes A.V. Softwares 8105.

CLOCK/CALENDAR

Keeps track of time to the second, plus the date, month and year. Keeps accurate time when the computer is switched off and is easily called from BASIC, DBASE II or DPM. Just like having a digital watch in your Deburge.

RALD RATES

From 75 bound to 38400 bound. These are simply selected with our new version of SETUP, and support SEPARATE transmit and receive bound rates. This is necessary for the new 1200/75 bound Modema and also for Prestal etc.

PARALLEL PORT

One extra 16 bit parallel port is provided. This is similar to the standard Osborne Perallel port, and could support A/D converters atc.

Available in 4 versions (prices include fittion) to

Clock and double sided disk support As above, plus Baud rate generator As above, plus parallel port Complete 1.8MByte, 3 disk drive system with CLOCK, Baud rate and Fan, plus all software utilities.

We are currently working on a version of this board for the IBM PC. KAYPRO and MORROW to give you 1.8 to 2 Mage-Bytes of floopy storage built in to your Computer.

A.V. SOFTWARE'S 8305 (for the Deborne 1)

PIERE DISK SPACE

190 K Double density on A drive. 198K on 8 drive.

PURE FUNCTION KEY SPACE

Up to 750 bytes. Think what this will do to your application, compared to the original 75.

MORE FUNCTION KEYS

Use any key as a function Key, with over 750 bytes free for use, and 70 function keys.

MORE DISK TYPES

Read IBM, KAYPRO, MORROW, DEC, XEROX and "President" Double Density, with the ability to select more in the future.

Setter START UP

Our new SETUP program lets you melect your "Boot up" program name, such as MBASIC MENU.



Send in your Wordster disk and we will fully configure it for your printer. We can set up many printers, the most popular being the Brother HR-15 deisy wheel, and ITOH 8510 and EPSON MX80 dot matrix printers.

This provides Super-script and also Sub-script, with much faster Simultaneous printing and editing (the keyboard doesn't 'slow down' when you are typing while a file is being printed).

For the Osborne 1, Arrow keys automatically change between Wordstar and CPM. No more problems when rubbing out in CPM and getting a "S printed instead."

COOLING FAN

Fit our fan if your computer is running hotter then you like. Also includes a filter to keep all that mesty dust away from your disk drives, and blows clean air through the disk drives.

SERIAL to PARALLEL CONVERTER

Enables any EDMPUTER with a SERIAL port to run a PARALLEL (Centronics) printer, at any baud rate from 300 to 9600. As parallel printers are much chaeper than serial this is a definite cost advantage, empecially as this will run on any PARALLEL printer. Thus if you purchase another printer you can buy the cheaper parallel version. The Parallel to Serial Converter comes complete with cables, thus saving the \$70 that a normal printer cable costs.

PERSONAL ADAPTOR

For the Osborne 1, enables the use of external video monitors. This pluge inside your Osborne 1 and a standard "RCA" video socket is fitted to the front penel of the computer (the same as the 80 column Screen Pac). This only requires one 6.2mm hole to be drilled.

12 WILT ADAPTOR

To run your Osborne Computer in a car, from a car digarette lighter or a 12 Wolt battery. A battery pack can be supplied if required.

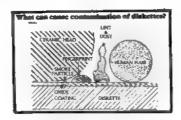
PRINTER CABLE

For your Ostorne 1 and printer, also available for most popular computers. Parallel (or Controlics) printer cables are \$59-95, and Serial printer cables are \$55-85.

REVENIED EXTENSION CABLE

For your Deborne 1 keyboard. Simply unplug your Deborne keyboard cable and plug in this extension to give the freedom of en extre 3 feet of cable. This, for example, lets you type with the keyboard sitting on your knee (not as much fun as a secretary, but it is a lot champer)

R. C. ELECTRONICS 72 Spofforth Street Holt A.C.T. 2815 Phone (082) 547808 printed 7-11-1983.



HIRING A COMPUTER By Gregory See-Kee.

Since February, 1983, Grace Stothers of Morth Ryde (887 0133) have available for hire either the Datorne or the IBM Personal computers.

Charges are for a minimum contract of six months. Each month the fee is meven (?) percent of the total retail value of the equipment hired. In later years of hire, this comes down to make in Year Two. In in Year Three.

The fee includes install, delivery, and all repairs for feulty equipment. The customer provides his own insurance coverage. Only standard software is available. Extra software is added to the retail value of the package, and has a minimum 12 months him fee.

If the equipment is bought, half the hire charges are deducted from the purchase price of the equipment.

A sample peckage of say \$4000 full retail value (e.g. Osborne computer, daisy wheel printer and twelve inch monitor screen) would be charged at a rate of z

7% of \$4000 = \$280 /month

- = \$1680/ six wonths
- = \$3360/ twelve months

CONNECTING A MECROCOMPUTER TO THE TERMINALS

If a Morrow Decision eigrocomputer is bought to connect with the VT100 terminals, it will cost \$1795 (tax exempt) for single eided/double density, twin disc drives. If double sided drives are chosen, it will cost \$2440.

KAYPRO LABER REVIEW. By Gregory See-Kee.

I had a Kaypro on loan for a few days, but I couldn't stand it. The machine went back the next day.

I had just sold my brown case Osborne, and was waiting for my dealer to supply my new Daborne. "Here, borrow the Kaypro II for a while."

The day before, my dealer (Albert Hadid) loaned me an Deborne Executive, so here is the comperison. Price is about the same, with the Kaypro being a few hundred dollars more. It has an extra 10 kb on the disk (193kb to 183 kb) and takes nearly twice as long to copy a disk from one disk drive to another (2'19" compared to 1'17"). Another inconvenience s you can only copy Drive A to Drive 9, and not II to A as well.

One advantage is that Orive 8 can be set up to read/write an variety of microcomputers: Tandy, Osborne 50/00, etc. However, this Kaypro program is nowhere as good as the Osborne program available from Osborne dealers for less than \$80. Drive A cannot be anything other than Kaypro format, so it would be hopeless for someone needing to keep a lot of Osborne format disks.

The time to formet a blank disk on the Kaypro is 43 seconds, compared to Osborne's 26 seconds. As librarian of a CP/M user group, I would be waiting and waiting a lot of wasted time if I had a Kaypro.

The Keyro RESET BUTTOM is at the extreme back of the sharp edged metal cabinet. It often needs to be pressed, since BOOS ERRORS and dead keyboards are one of its favourite tricks. It takes 75 seconds of constant disk whirring before the Kaypro tells you that it has discovered a BOOS error. This compare with just a few seconds on the Osborne.

SYSCEN is very literal and fussy. You need to watch precisely whether you are in upper or lower case, and if the acreen says to press RETURN, you must. On the Deborne, you just press AA OR 68, as required.

The menual suggests that the Kaypro simulates a Lear Siegler ADN-3A terminal. Not true. With MordStar 3.3, I could not get true dim characters. The letters on the screen are a very rough dot matrix, with poor formation and improper lower descenders. On a Kaypro 1B (costing about \$6000), the video characters approach the quality of an Omborne 1.

The Keyboard is a primitive and noisy box, with very few repeating keys. In a cold room, the bare eluminimum box is cold and uncomfortable to touch. Its razor sherp corners gouge hole in human flesh. The folded aluminium sheets are covered with a soft snamel paint that scratches off easily, as well as holding onto all the dirt and stains.

The cord connecting the keyboard and the rest is very thin and fragile, and snakes all over the table, to a hiding place at the back of the main unit. If you had to connect a modes and a printer alternatively, or two printers, I could understand your callouses and aching back.

The cold metallic boxes of both the keyboard and the main cabinet are there to tortuous us with the cruelest of sounds. The disk drives scratch like the teacher with scratchy chalk. Both disk drives spin at the same time, reverberating through the full extent of the box, and they are about a stop soluming.

When using SWEEP, the Keypro is very slow. I could not get SUPERCALC working at all. As you can see with the accompanying benchtests, the Keypro is in general, very slow.

The Osborne Executive itself did not come up smelling like a rose. Its fen is noisy, and it gave out so much radio interference that I could not listen to my portable radio. My new Blue Case Osborne i has less radio interference than my Brown Case unit, but none of the Osbornes were as good as the Kaypro with the supression of spurrious radio transmissions. There's nothing like a solid metal box to trap radio frequency. This is probably the only reason why anyone would bother buying a Kaypro.

NEW LIBRARY DISKS FOG/APP.015

First Osborne Group (FOG) Applications Disk

This disk contains SuperCalc spreadsheet templates.

ANOVA-RM and LIN-REG were submitted at a FOG meeting by a lady who's name I neglected to ask. (Please accept my apology.) AMDVA-RM performs analysis of variance with repeated measures. IIN-REG will do linear regression as described in the October/November 1982 issue of Portable Compenion.

TAXBASE, submitted by Bill Francis, enables preparation of form 104B for income received during 1982.

1040ABB2 is another template for taxes on 1982 income. This one presents form 1040 and schedules A and 8. It was submitted by Scott Rainey of the Osborne Business timers Group (DSBUG) in Portland. Unfortunately for many of us, this agreedsheet was prepared using SuperCalc version 1.12 and can not be read using version 1.05 (which I currently have). Sorcim says 1.12 is upward compatible, but not downward. For information, see 1040ABB2 aDDC.

FOG/APP.D18

This disk contains SuperCalc templetes submitted by Scott Rainey of the Osborne Businmas Users Group (OSBUG) in Portland, Oregon.

AMORTEO calculates a 50 month loan amortization. GEMLOAN and GEM2 are for Growing Equity Mortgages.

FOG/APP.017

This disk contains a system for extracting file names from a disk directory and maintaining a detabase of the names. It may be useful for cataloging your personal disk library. (Also, see the CATALIE system found on FOG/UTL.002.) Paul Trainer submitted DIRECTORY for menaging the directory detabase and DSORT to sort it.

This program is menu driven; when new disks are to be filed, it will ask you to place the disk in drive B.

TEACH? is a revision of TEACH found on FOG/ APP.006. This is a program to teach Morse code. To sound the bell, TEACH used a method for enturing "shadow ROM mode" which is invalid on the newer Osborne's. TEACH? resolvee this problem.

F0G/NES,011

This disk contains the FOCHORN, Vol. 1, Nos. II and 7. They are squeezed files. First unsqueeze using USQ.COM from FOC/UTL.003, .004, or .014, then print using WordSter. (P at "no-file" menu).

CDPBUG.FIX describes patches to the ${\rm CP/FI}$ Console Command Processor to facilitate use of disk directory USER areas.

ZSID.FIX describes petches to ZSID to make the DUMP display similar to DDT and SID.

FOG/MIS.012

This disk contains the FOCHORN, Vol. 1, No. 8, parts 1 and 2. They are squeezed files. First unsqueeze using USQ.COM from FOG/UTL.003, .004, or .014, then print using Word-Star (P at "no-file" menu).

LIBRARY.CTL suggests procedures you may wish to use to control your own disk library.

MCMPRTCL.DOC by Ward Christensen documents his MODEK communication protocol.

MDWCPM.FIX describes patches to MOWCPM.COM, which probably are not required for most Osborne 1 versions of that utility.

SPELSTAR.FIX recommends a correction to MicroPro's SpellStar program.

FROM LIBRARY DISK "MISC.013":



CHAINING PROGRAMS UNDER CPM 2.2 by OCUG HUSKEY

I have often been asked how to write menu driven applications which will run under CP/N. If the applications are being developed using PL/I-8D, this can be accomplished by writing the programs as a set of overlays. Often, however, some of the programs may be written in assembly language, or require too much memory to make the use of the overlay feature of PL/I-80 appropriate. Without using overlays, there are only two effective ways of chaining under CP/M 2.2. First, you can use the CP/M submit facility. The trick is to have the main menu program create a submit file with the programs to be chained listed in it. The file must | written to drive A, and have the name "\$\$\$.5UB". + (ROBE)

USER MODIFIABLE INDEX

Three files comprise this meries: DBINDEX1 .DBF (the complete index incorporated in a dBASEII file), DBINDEX2.DBF (only the "A" entries of the previous file used for ease of manipulation) and DBINDEX3.TXT (a MordStar mondocument file generated from DBINDEX2.DBF)

This is an example of a "User modifiable Index" which should be fairly easy to generate for various Osborne menuels. It gives the user the option of adding or changing items in an index to suit his/her peculiar testes in finding things in indices. It should be fairly easy to generate the base case by typing the indices supplied by BCC (for Users Manual, dBASE II, Technical Manual, etc.) into a dBASEII file (like DBTRANS1.DBF - see structure) and supplying on disk as both dBASEII file (for those who have that program) and WordStar file like this one (for everyone). Additional items can be inserted most easily in the dBASEII file with INDEX ing and SURTing at will. Alternatively, new items (or modifications) can be made in the WordStar file by insertion into proper alphabetical order.

The page numbers noted in the sample indices refer to a personal revision of the dBASEII menual designed for copious annotations and revisions and have no meaning for any of the standard dBASEII menuals. The "u" notations refer to the "dBASEII User's Guide" published by Software Benc with "u" following the page number for pages under 100 and preceding the page number over page 100.

An additional modification of the index (which I will probably eventually do) is to add some additional fields to the dBASE II file specifying more specific indices (for WordStar, SuperCalc, etc.).

USER MODIFIABLE INDEX FOR OSBORNE USER'S REFERENCE GUIDE

These indices are organized in the same way as the index for dBASE III that is described in DBIADEX.DDC.

The index contains only a small amount of the information contained in the OCC1 Guide. It was constructed from the information in the Table of Contents of the Guide.

The pertinent files are: OCCINDX3.DBF (dBASE II file sorted alphabetically), OCCINDX3.FRM (print format for printing from dBASE II) and OCCINDX3.TXY (WordStar nondocument file transferred from OCCINDX3.DBF with some aditorial changes to improve the text).

DME READERS STORY

By J. J. Sulliven, KALLANGUR, QLD 4503 Nov. 22, 1983

I delayed the purchase of my Deborne 1 until I could get a double density mechine because I knew the problems a friend of mins had with single density 40-track disks on his 8800 computer.

My previous computer had been a Synertek SYM, which only had provision for 4K of memory. If you wanted more, you built more. I laboriously designed and built additional memory boards and finished up with 24K of memory and a pair of cassettes under computer control for memory storage.

The SYM only allowed for 32K of continuous memory. It used a 8502, which would address 64K, but the designers had planked the monitor in RUM right in the middle of the memory space. That was quite common with early computers. The designers all knew that no-one would ever need more than 32K of RAM and only wealthy people could afford that much. In fact, 16K was quite a powerful computer.

- I remember reading somewhere that the first U.S. menned satellite, carrying John Glenn, was monitored from the ground by the biggest and most up-to-date main-frame computer eveilable. It had 16K of memory.
- I finally pensioned the SYM off and bought the Deborne. With double density, I obviously wouldn't have any storage problems and I wouldn't have to buy many disks.
- I bought a box of 10 SSDD disks with the computer under the impression that I wouldn't need to buy any more for months. Then I started discovering the facts of disk storage and backup. Within a couple of months I'd bought another five boxes. And I don't use many disks —— well, not compared with most computer owners.

Very marly in the piece I discovered that disk filing was an art in itself. The routine I had followed with cassettes was effective but slow and something better was rounded with disks.

The first filing stage was to standardise on three makes of disks —— BASF, Nambus end Verbatim. The BASF disks are used for all WordStar material, letters, articles and the like. Mashus disks are for programs such as WordStar itself, CP/M, Supercale, database and so on. Verbatim disks are used for everything else. This preliminary sort really cuts down the number of labels I need to check.

The second move was to shendon the labels that come with the disks and use a continuous roll of larger labels that give me more room to note details. At the same time, I bought a set of colored spots (blue, green, orange end yellow) and color-coded sech disk for Besic, WordSter, Supercaic or CP/M. Unifortunately, blue for Besic is the only enemonic I can find. Some disks do finish up with a bit of each but I evoid that if I can.

Since I generally know what disk I went, this system allows me to go pretty well streight to it. Of course, with a lot more disks I would have a problem just remembering which disk carries which program. When things reach that stage, I'll houl out the CP/MUC disk that carries the master catalogue programs. For anyone interested, it's disk no. 40 in the CP/MUC catalogue. The Ausbotre Group

library carries these programs on UTL.002.

That master catalogum, with six separate programs, is valueble for anyone with a large number of disks. It will provide a listing of all programs and the disks that hold them, or a listing of programs on certain disks or a listing of certain types of programs. It will probably do a lot of other things, but I only experimented with it briefly since I have no immediate need for it.

I use my Osborne almost entirely for business purposes, with an 80 column board and a 12" BMC green monitor. I find it a highly efficient business combination. I would hate to have to operate without WordStar and Super-Calc.

- I have been intrigued by the number of magazine reports on SuperCalc that give me the impression that the authors know about computers but don't know anything about business. Consistently, these reports talk about using SuperCalc for "what-ir" calculations. Certainly it will handle them, but it will do a lot of other things as well. I never see other uses mentioned. I wonder if those authors have ever looked at the demonstration programs that come on the SuperCalc disk. Haybe the programs are only on the Osborne disk.
- I use SuperCalc eminly for my cash book and petty cash book. It simplifies the dissections and additions engracusly and allows me to pull out useful mub-totals without any effort. It even puts the chaque numbers in automatically, given the first number. Once the format is worked out and stored on disk, monthly figures can be produced very quickly.

The same applies to income figures. By requirements are probably unusual, but I have detailed income and expenditure figures at the end of each month and the cash flow is obvious.

I have picked up the Deborne Group general ladger disk and will be interested in experimenting with that, when I can get a copy of the Deborne-McGraw Hill book. Mithout that, the prograw will not work at all, I discovered. It requires a specific answer to a question early in the piece and if it gets the wrong answer the whole screen shakes like a partly set blancmange. The answer seems to require figures. At a rough guess, I would need the Chart of Accounts in order to get peat this hurdle by continued experiment but I would rather wait for the book, assuming it is going to be reprinted.

That earlier mention of double density disks reminded me of a small problem with the Ausborne Group disks. Each disk carries a program called DISK.DOC. I always transfer two disks to ome of my double density disks before storing the originals for safety. I discovered the hard way that transferring the second disk wipes out the DISK.DOC from the first disk. Now I remans much program before transfer with the disk number, e.g. DISKOO1.DOC.

Incidentally, if you run 80 columns on your Osborne, you will often want to reformet any MordSter programs that have been set to 52 columns. Normally, this ... R Wordster Commend listings, Volume 1. Number 7. can be done with "QQ"B, but you will sometimes come across a document with every line ending in a hard return. WordSter can't reformet those lines until the returns are removed.



The menual is not too clear on the routing for this. Key in "QA for search and replace. When the prompt asks for the string to be replaced, key in "N RETURN. For the prompt asking for the replacement, just hit RETURN. Then it will ask for options. Type G.

tiordStar will step through the program, stopping at each hard return and asking whether it should be replaced. In this case, replaced sears removed. Once the entire document has been finished, go back to the start and use 700°B to reformet everything to your new mergin settings.

I seem to spend a lot of time loading Word-Star, for one reason or enother. I am continually switching in and out of the program, although probably no more than anyone else.

Since it always boots on drive A, I got tired of this L B: routine to shift to drive 8. I am ashemed to admit that it did not occur to me for many months, but I eventually used SETUP to load those commends onto one of the function keys. Now Control I shifts see to drive 8. It doesn't save much in the way of keystrokes but it does eliminate that amnoying wait between the L and the Bs.

I realise that you can get into WordStar from CP/M with just a Control C and WS without having to go through the RESET RETURN for a cold boot, but then you suddenly find that your function keys haven't been loaded.

[EDITORS MOTE] We also spend a lot of time switching in and out of Wordstar and have formatted the function keys a little differently.

0 - B:<CR>A:WS<CR>

logs drive B: then returns to drive A:
and loads Wordstar leaving drive B: as
the loged drive.(much faster)

- 1 XD<CR> eXtenDed directory on A:
- 2 XD B:<CR> on B:
- 3 "OR 42<CR>"JH 2<CR>"OJ<CR>"OH<CR>
 Sets right margin to 42 (Newsletter format) Help level to 2 (I'm not good enough for 0 even after a year of hard work on Wordstar) Justification and hypehn help ON.
- 4 MT 0000, MB 0000, 0P000, P0 0000 .LH 7000, ON 8000

Sets Margin top/bottom to zero. Omitts page number. Sets page off set to zero. Sets line hight and Character width to 7 & 8 respectively.(again the (Newsletter formet)

So in four key strokes I am ready to format or whatever, the next newsletter.

PUBLIC DOMAIN - FREE OF COPYRIGHT

In this public domain library, there are over 1100 files, containing over 600 programs, on 75 single sided disks. PUBLIC DOMAIN programs are not copyright-protected, and cannot be sold for profit. They are donated by the original authors, often being published in maggazines that are sold to the general public. Most commercial software was at some speneur then improved. However, commercial software does not always have a higher standard than public domain software.

This library and all the programs in it are done in the spirit of sharing and caring for our fellow human beings. Before any program is added to the library, it is made as accurate and user-friendly as possible. Otherwise it goes into the HACKERS section of the library, swaiting the attention of another kind person.

SEVEN CATEGORIES exist within these thousand or so files. The first 6 categories are : GAMES (GAM), APPLICATIONS (APP), MISCELLAMEDUS (RIS), UTILITIES (UTL), LANGUAGES (LNG), and HADGERS (HAK). These are exactly the same as the U.S.A.'s "First Osborne Group" (FOG).

Thus "FOG/APP.OTA" is the fourteenth disk put out by the First Daborne Group, in the Applications category.

Applications are business relate programs, utilities help you with the CP/M system, and hopefully, the other categories are self-defining.

"Hackers" disks contain many types of programs of suspect or unproven earth. They are awaiting attention.

The final category is from the "AUSSCRUE USERS CROUP" (AUG), and contains non-copyright software that has been put onto disk in Australia, and which is not on any other of the "FOG" disks. It is a miscellaneous collection, which will be revised every few months.

Ausborne User Group disks will come from varied sources around Australia, and contain the latest programs. You may purchase those by mail order, or copy them at meetings, or with a group of club contacts.

If you have any queries please address all correspondence to:-

The Secretary, Ausborne User Group, P.O. Box C530, Clarence Street, Sydney, N.S.N. 2000.

N.B. Please don't forget to include a stamp addressed envelope for your reply. In urgent cases please contact the appropriate office bearer.

OF SPECIAL DITEREST TO SOME PEOPLE, ARE THE TWO CATEGORIES OF PROGRAMS.

Those with large collections of disks will be interested in the Library Utilities, and those who delve into communication programs may be interested in our special YAM OISK.

-FOG/LIB.CAT

Because of the mize of a collection of files sorting of your/our library of disks.

The MAST.CAT file contains a current cutalog of the FGG disk library. This catalog is maintained using the NEWCAT and CAT utilities duplicated here from -FGG/LIB.OOT. For information concerning use of CAT, refer to CATALOG.ODC found on that disk.

This disk is presently incomplete. Since the MAST.CAT file will be updated each month, it is not expected that this disk will ever be made permanent.

OSBORNE SINGLE DENSITY FORMAT

All disks are single sided, single density, to retain some compatibility with all Deborne and Osborne-closed microcomputers (e.g. Key pro, Xerox, IBM P-C, Cromenco, Morrow, etc.).

GETTING COPIES OF THE SOFTHWARE

The international method of gaining access to these disks is that you may copy them, free of charge, whenever you can access them, and that on program of any of the disks can be sold for profit.

In Australia, the Austorne Users Group (AUG) has a mail order service, currently (8/83) selling Verbatim (double density quality) disks at \$6, including post and packaging, but not insurance. However, due to the voluntary efforts of the committee, this method of access can be not as reliable or issediate as attending a meeting of the Austorne User Group. The duty librarian will loan you a disk to copy during the meeting whilst he/she holds your membership card as security.

UPDATES are regulary being created by the enthusiastically by CP/M users all over this planet. Heny are from the B^o CP/M Users Group Library, or specially devised for the Cuborne computer. All "FOG" disks will remein unaltered from the day of their creation.

AUG disks will constantly be updated, in the same wanner used by the Apple Users Group.

YAM Yet Another Modem

The YAM program is, at the present, the most commonly used program for remote Bulletin Board work in Sydney.

The YAM files on this disk are not the same. The YAMOSBJJ.COM file was downloaded from the Sydney Public Service access board. This version was written by John Johston and it matches the YAMOSB.H file, which was downloaded from the same source. This program soums to work in the correct way. Ihaven't really tested it, and my modem uses the serial (modem) port and so it may need reconfiguring for use with this port.

The other YAM file, YAMUSB.COM came from Hill Bolton by way of Your Computer magazine and Grag Stringer. I haven't managed to get this to work yet, but I have double density and it may be a competibility problem. Feedback would be appreciated by the Ausborne User Group. (Grag Stringer says that he has used it successfully).

All the source files required to compile the YAM program are on these two disks. BDS 1 C 1 is required to compile this program. YAM'5.C may need to be changed for the Daborne.

The YAMLDOC file is a complete user manual for the use of YAML. It also has hints and tips on configuring and compiling YAML. It is by Bill Bolton. It prints out in 66 columns.

Ross Lame, Umins N.S.W. (member of the Ausborne User Group, Sydney).







OPEN FILE

The program below was written to answer a question raised by JOHN HERBST in the lest neweletter. (Vol 1, Number 7) He required a program to check and display the printer status.

"The progree requires dBASE II Version 2.3b,(or later) Osborne 1, DO, Version 1.44. It uses a call to E12DH (E52DH for SD, Version 1.3D) to check the late device status so it may work on the serial interface provided handshaking is used. The example only checks the status once therefore, if necessary, use a DO WHILE loop."

PRINTER STATUS CONTAND FILE

- * By Calin Kemp 24/11/83
- * This program checks the status of a
- * printer connected to the IEEE port. SET THIS OFF
- * 45056 = 8000H : temporary area for subroutine

STORE 45056 TO ADDRESS

SET CALL TO ADDRESS

- * the subroutine is POKEd into memory POKE ADDRESS,205,45,225,50,0,176,201
- * then CALLed
- CALL
- * on return 8000H = 0 if printer is OFF,
- * deselected or out of paper.
- * BOOOH * 255 if printer is ready.
- * we can then alert the operator STORE PEEK(ADDRESS) TO STATUS IF STATUS = 255

RETURN

ELSE.

- ? "PLEASE CHECK PRINTER"
- ? "ENTER RETURN TO CONTIDUE"

PROBLEMS WITH WORDSTAR

17/08/83, { See they do get to me ? }

Mr P. Plackett is having trouble with his Wordster and would like some advice. It's not a problem I've heard of before so weybe some of you can help.

"...and would like some advice on some problems which have developed with the mechine. (Brown case Osborne 1) One of these is an automatic, and apparently irriversible, shift to upper case characters, when a Wordstar file exceeds one page plus about forv lines." An interesting problem indeed.Can anyone out there solve this one?

He also asked about a Mulbourne group so I include here a cutting from one of the papers that might help. I don't know which paper as it was sent in as you see it."

FORM THE BACK OF BEYOND

20/08/83. BARCALDINE. QLD.

"The main resson I joined the User Group was to obtain hints and advice by way of the Group Newsletter and possibly obtain useful programs on disk from the library. The only other computer in town is an Apple at the high school and nobody there can realy help me so you see I don't have much contact with other users.

I use the Osborne 1 to help me in my job ms racing secretary for central Queenaland. The association uses card systems for storing large amounts of statistics and are very wary of "these computer things". Fortunately they did see it as being some help and paid for dBASE II. I never thought that I may be able, to help anyone with any problems but I may have discovered a problem.

About a month after buying the Deborne, drive B started to give "BAD SECTUR" messages but did not destroy any files. It would not format or copy disks. I had to go to Brisbene at that time so off I want to Archive Computers where they used a utility disk which verified that the drive was faulty. Two days later they told me the machine was ok but they had been unable to find a problem. Thenkfully a vague reference to disk earthing was made by the servicemen. Shortly efter returning 1100 on to Barcaldine drive A gave up the ghost and ruined a couple of disks in doing so. I have learned the hard way the joys (?) of not backing up valuable information.

Being fer from happy about the prospect of having to ship the Osborne to Brisbane, by and by I removed the covers to have a look-see. The first move was to see if there was in fact an earth wire anywhere that ween't connected. Sure enough the little earth clip had fallen of drive A again. I replaced it and had no problems. Since then the clip has fallen off drive B again. I do move the Osborne quite regularly from work to home so that probably caused most of my problems.

Could anyone in the Group help me with my maxt problem ? I went to try and link up with a Tandy model I which is mituated some 100 km away, meinly to transfer files to him. There is enother Deborne 100 km in the other direction and I would like to be able to link up with him. I would like also to be able to link up with an ICL meinframe in Melbourne. The ICL computer is setup for 1200 baud and

The IIL computer is setup for 1200 band and they will set up to receive files, all I have to do is be able to send them....."

J. Wallin.

[EDITORS NOTE]

Sorry your letter was so long in getting both to me and into these pages, I do hope you have already had some advice from elsewhere in the meantime.

One of the best hard/software communications packages about is the Osborne Comm Pak. I use it myself with the OI and find it very easy indeed though the menual is as Un-clear as any I've ever seen.

It is a full Auto Answer/Disl system, mean driven with programmable disl listing. I've set mine up with twenty six (A-Z) listings, (not all assigned) but have not tried AA, AB, AC Etc.

The Com Pec is still without Telecom approved so you use it at your can risk, and the risk of loosing all equipment etteched to it - this could be expensive if you were to have not only your computer connected but a printer, plotter, herd disk drive, monitor and the like connected when/if they were to come around and fine you with the unit COMMECTED to Telecom lines 1

"BAD SECTORS" can sometimes be corrected by using the "Copy" utility supplied with the Deborne 1, but this gives a low rate of success (1 % if you are very lucky).

GRAPHICS

07/09/63. KELLYVILLE.MSW.

"...The type of Graphics I am looking for are Bar Cherts, Pie Cherts, Straight & Dot lines [as well as] objects depicted by them, (including curves resulting from exponential squations and conical sections.)" D. G. Lyone.

KEYROARD TROUBLES AGAIN

07/11/83.

 $^{\circ}I$ am having Keyboard trouble. The lower alphabetical keys (V B M) are only working when I put the membrane ribbon conductor in a "special kirk".

You mention installing new switches. [Vol 1 No 4 (?)] Do you know if there is enyone making an adeptor to connect the Deborne 1 socket from a membrane to a care connector so that I can use an up market keyboard."

F. Malker.

[EDITORS NOTE]

One of the best things about the Deborne is the use of stock standard parts in it's construction. This allows for easy replacement therefor edeption. Direct Connect Electronics in Chetswood should be able to help you with the correct connector.

DO NOT FOLD, SPIKE OR SPINDLE

18/09/83.

"...PLEASE mark the envelope "DO NOT FOLD" I still remember the time Delta Computer Systems sent me a diskette and a resident wandal in the Post Office folded it once and folded it taken to cram it into my P.O. Box..." T. Butt.

(EDITORS NOTE)

In the same latter there is a request for a program that will "sort lists of names in alphabetical order, each listing containing one or several numbers that also must be sorted on. To top it all off Mr Butt wants the program to be able to print the listings with BOLD, EXPANDED & CONDENSED ETC printing automatically on various fields.

En sorted from —

SAGUENTO Bros	26
"I CARE" Appliance Service	31
TDA Removelists	33
J IMPELL Real Estate	06 07
IMDESIT (Norge Appliances)	1119
INTERNATIONAL Chamical Industries	s 09
Combunition Aust	: Ltd
([IC] crest	42

sected to -

J IMPELL Real Estate (06 07
INTERNATIONAL Chemical Industries	09
IDA Removelists	11
IMDESIT (Norge Appliances)	N19
IAQUINTO Gros	26
"I CARE" Appliance Service	31
INTERNATIONAL	
Combustion Aust Lt	d
([IC] crest)	42

As you can see he does not want too much ? Can any of you help him with his problem ?

HR-15 PRINTER PROBLEMS

30/08/83.

[] = EXPANDED

"I have just purchased a Brother HR-15 printer and am currently [hope he's got is going by this time] setting up INSTALL on Wordstar to get the most out of the printer." J.T. Bellair.



EDITORS NOTE

This letter was addressed to me since I am using the HR-15 on the Newsletter.

I too have been having trouble "getting the most" out of it. To date I have even been unable to print in columns for the Newsletter and have had to peste up columns of meterial to get the three column format used at present.

It was only last night while telking to Mr G. Stringer of City Personal Computers (Crowe Nest/North Sydney) that this problem was solved. It's so simple it was overlooked. Mordstar is (mine atleast) installed with micro justification "DN" causing any column past one to fit into the spaces left in column one. Solution ".UJ O" which switches the micro justification "OFF".

I was told some time ago that if I installed the Wordstar printer mode to Diablo X-ON X-DFF. I tried this without success. It printed ok but still the column problem. Is there anyone out there who has menaged to "get the most" out of the HR-15?

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

06/12/83. [GETTING CLOSER FOKES]

"I have recently purchased an Osberne 1 computer for a variety of domestic and business uses, and it will be utilised solely by myself and my wife. However being located on a farm away from eajor city centres we are handicapped by the lack of primary tutelage. In the circusstances it would be helpful to be awars of any Osborne users in this vacinity, for which purpose obviously my identity and address cannot remain confidential if you are to be in a position to assist me. Our present progress is slow due to the lack of a guiding hand, hence any assistance you could provide would be appreciated."

Yours sincerely, S.W. Burn. "Pendburn", The Pocket, BILLINUOGEL.NSW.2483.

[EDITORS NOTE]

Australia is a big country indeed, even for computers. There are many people out there who are isolated by these distances. If you are one of them, or if you have communication equipment and would like your name and address or phone number published please drop a line to the editor and we'll print them in a "DIRECTORY" section each issue.

FROM THE DEEP MORTH

22/11/83. [One step forward, one back]

TOWNSVILLE, QLD.

"I have been looking over the library listing sent out in Volume 1 Number 3 and find that for most of the items on the list the short titles give little or no indication of what the programs do. If you have on disk a short description of each program I would like to get a copy."

[EDITORS NOTE]

As far as I know this information is on the "NEW" membership disk that is sent out when you join. If you are one of the older numbers who do not have this new disk please sent your old numbership disk back to the "Disk librarian" and request a copy.

Please include return postage with your request and your "MEMBERSHIP" disk only or you will be charged \$ 6.00 for the new material. "I also enclose four, one line programs which some people may find useful. Their action by line number is --

- 40 Convert degrees, minute, seconds (DDD.MMSS) to decimal degrees.
- 50 Decimal degrees to degrees, minute, seconds. (DDO.FMSS)
- 60 Arcsine answer in decimal degrees. 70 Arccos - enswer in decimal degrees.
- 70 Arccos ensuer in decimal degrees. the listing follows.

[EDITORS NOTE]

These listings are very long so to get them into this section I have had to break them up. This break will be indicated by " $\delta-\varsigma$ " at the end of each section and δ END ς for the end of the line.

- 40 DEF FNUEG(A)=INT(A)+(INT(100*A)-100 <->
 *INT(A))/60+(10000*A-100*INT(100*A) <->
)/3600 <ENU>
- 50 DEF FNDMS(A)=INT(A)+INT((A-INT(A))* <-> 60)/100+(A-INT(A))*.36-.006*INT((A- <-> INT(A))*60) <END>
- 60 DEF FNASN(X)=ATN(X/SQR(1-X*X))/.017 <->
 45329252# <END>
- 70 DEF FNACS(X)=ANT(SQR(1-X*X)/X)/.017 <-> 45329252# (END)>

I am unable to give credit to the person who sent this listing in as the signature is unreadable, but thank you for your material.

OSBORNE JUNKIES

02/08/83. NOWRA.NSW.

"Greetings to all fellow Daborne junkies, how do you generate random number meeds? Wery early in the piece, I began to tire of giving the computer a random number meed [so] I began to experiment with various mystical formulas, which only confirmed my feeling that formulas, no metter how complicated, would still give me the same starting sequence each time I fired up the Omborne to communice a game.

(cops. I meen Adult relaxation)

After a deal of brain scretching, I decided to use one of the properties of the computer, that is it's ability to count quickly. So here is my effort in "random" number generation.

- 10 PRINT "Press (RETURN) to start."
- 20 IF INKEYS-CHR\$(13) GOTO 50
- 30 R=R+1
- 40 GOTO 20
- 50 RANDOMIZE R

As you can see, the send is based on the time taken to press return, which for all intents and purposes random."

R.J. Carlyle.

OSBORNE FOR SALE

11/08/83. [HOPE YOU HAVE SOLD IT BUT JUST INCASE]

Omborne 1 D/D & GUSINESS SOFTWARE (?) NO REASONMELE OFFER REFUSED. (08?) 89 8234. And the reason for this loss of a good product ?

"...The computer was purchased early in the year from a local (OURI.NSM) dealer for the purpose of running specific rural applications software - which was to have been written by the dealer.

Unfortunately as is the case with many "naive and inexperienced computer purchases [and dealers it seems] our Osborne has rarely been used and need to sell it ... to purchase a rural system from another firm."

D. FOY.

FEDITORS NOTE]

I trust the same will not occur with your new computer. I know how you, and others feel when promises are not kept or software you pay good hard cash for won't work the way it should or not at all. If you have any problems with software that may not work properly, drop us a line. The problem may have been solved by other users or we can warn them not to buy the product.

ANSWER TO THE CALL

22/11/83, KALLANGUR, QLD 4503.

MEMO [to the] EDITOR.

Inn Napier mentioned your name in a note to mm, echoing your plaintive cry for copy in the one issue of your neweletter that I have smen.

I have been a professional journalist for many years (too many) and I have often faced the same problem. Every editor does, except those on metropolitan dailies, who throw out 20 good stories for every one they use. Anyway, they have assistant editors, deputy, associate and news editors, copy-tasters and chief sub-editors to worry about things like that.

I've just knocked out the accompanying articles which may be of use to you. I haven't seen your earlier neweletters, so I could have touched on something you've already covered. If so, chop it out. Hack and change as you see fit. Professional journalists expect that. It's only the raw ameteurs who start his squeal if anyone changes their perfect material.

As you will notice, I was scraping the bottom of the barrel to give you these articles. I've written two articles for "Your Computer" on the Osborne and they pretty well cleaned me out. One article has finally appeared in the Movember issue (I wrote it in March). The aditor hardly touched it. Where he did, he menaged to stuff it up. Somehow I'm transferring PIP from WordStar instead of onto the WordStar disk. Also, he has the deisy-wheel running slower in bi-directional mode. Ah, well, he's no worse than a lot of deily paper subs.

My other article may not appear at all. It's more of a generalised, rambling story on various computer aspects. I took the apportunity to give the Ausborne User Group a bit of a plug.

I received your latest newslatter. I trust you won't mind if I give you a few tips. They're all standard newspaper routines and should make your life essier.

... R Volume 1 Number 7.

The newslatter pages were out of order. Herbst's latter started on page 11 and jumped back to page 5. That can easily happen, but it is more likely to happen if the pages are



not numbered. Also, the lack of numbers makes it more difficult for the reader to work out what has gone wrong.

It is obvious that you are printing out all the articles, then sitting down with a pastepot and trying to fit everything together. Don't let that worry you. Nearly every enateur publication goes together like that.

No professional would think of putting a newspaper, magazine or neweletter together without layout sheets. I'll scribble a rough layout of the first couple of pages of your newsletter, as it appeared, and send it with this disk to show you what is involved. I don't have your sheets but a quick outline on copy paper will give you the idea.

Make up a blank dummy of your 16 page newsletter but don't staple the sheets together. Number the pages before doing anything else. Then mark in advertisements, masthead, index, aditorial and enything else that has a fixed position.

Mark the ads in a different color, any red, to make them stand out.

Now you can start work. Your job is to fill in the blank spaces. As you print out a story, measure it and mark it into place on the layout. Place your major stories first, if you can, and use the little ones as fills. You can do this over a period of weeks, as you get each story, and you can see your neweletter going together. You also know how many holes you still have to fill and the size of the stories you need.

The layout can be as rough or as artistic as you like. This way you know exactly what length and column measure you went before you print a file.

Don't be in any hurry to start pasting pages, because you will often find you want to change a story location, or another advert will come in. Throw out your dummy sheet, put a new one in and sketch your new layout. In fact, you can postpone your paste-up until the the dummy is complete. The paste-up can be done very quickly then. You don't need to do it. You can hand the dummy over to anyone to do the paste-up. I've done just that with magazines and had no trouble.

Also, you need to learn to cut stories to make them fit (and to make them readable in meny cases). Don't assume that every word is ascrosenct. I haven't read the newsletter yet, but one instance stands out. I'd have chopped the last per on your first story, "What is a data-base?" I would never, under any circumstances, let one or two pars turn ower onto another page.

If you need to fill a hole and the only story available is a bit too long, then cut it until it does fit. Either that, or cut the story above it or below it. That's the only possible way a newspaper can go together.

On a metropolitan daily, the chief sub-editor will mark a story into his layout, then toes it to one of his subs. He'll have merked it with type sizes, column emasures and story length. If the instructions specify a length of 18cm and the story is 43cm long, then you cut it to 18cm --- not 18cm or 23cm. Secause things never work out exactly, there's a make-up sub out in the composing room and his job is to make things fit. I've often had to chop pars out of stories at the last minute to fit them into a page.

You can understand why reporters regard subs as conscienceless butchers.

Sometimes the stories are too ehort. That's when you reach for the bank of fills of various lengths that have been set and held for the make-up sub to use as needed.

On a newsletter you have a lot more time and space, so you don't have to resort to the savage slashing that goes on in a metropolitan daily, but you still need to trim your stories to fit.

Identify each story with a one-word catchline in the top right-hand corner of every page and use that catchline to locate the stories on your layout. You chop the catchlines off at paste-up time. The first page of text is always numbered 2, while 1 is reserved for the headline. On computer setting, which is what you are doing and most newspapers do these days, that may not be necessary.

Make a point of breaking long peragraphs. For example, the paragraphs in my two stories are OK for an 80 column print-out, but they are too long for your narrow columns. I would expect you to break them into much shorter paragraphs. You might not need the standard newspaper routine of one sentence, one paragraph, but you certainly don't went five or six sentences to a paragraph. Besides, breaking the paragraphs down helps to fill space. You're not limited to one line headings.

Meny's the time I've re-written a two-deck heading to a four-deck at the last minute to fill out a column. If you're using a two or three-deck heading, space with blank lines on the printout and do your final heading spacing with a knife.

Crossheads are a standard way of filling space. They're the series of little one or two line heads scattered through a newspaper story. They break the column up and they're expendable, so the sub usually puts one in about every five or six pers and leeves it to the compositor to toss out the ones he doesn't need. You could print them bald ar underlined or both, well spaced. If you use bold, you'd better set all your headings in bold, otherwise the crossheads will dominate the page. One other point, Don't be afraid to use bastard measures. You are not locked into a standard column width. Maybe a one or two page story is awared to fit in single or double column measure. Try altering your margine to give you two columns to the page. The columns don't have to be equal. Take a look at the odd measures used in any daily Daner.

I've often found it is possible to get stories if you ask sommons to write something on a specific subject. You have to think up the ideas. Look up your membership records. If you find a dentist or a teacher or any other profession, write and ask for an article on how he uses his Osborne. Does he use it in his profession? May? With what effect? You won't get a story every time but you'll get a few. It's the old story with committees. People won't volunteer, but they will often help out if specifically asked and told exactly what is meeded. Best of luck.

[EDITORS NOTE]

Thank you Jack for your interesting letter. I print it with our story on how we produce your newsletter, not to blow my own trumpet but to help others trying to tackle the same problems. A few comments though on some of the points made shows.

1. Pages out of order.

Agree with the comment on page numbering and they were marked for the printer but in the collating it seems they managed to mix up two of the pages. 2. Dummy copy.

As you will see in the story we do one better than just a simple dummy copy. That comes first but is followed by a layout sheet and master pasts up sheets. You see we don't just put together this newsletter but another monthly and a second monthly as well.

2. A lot more time and space ?

Relative to a deily, yes. But that is their only job. As I said we produce several other publications, do several smilings and have a full time nursing course to complete this year. (This, overall takes priority)

3. Pasteup.

The paste pot and scalpel are not my favorite way of doing a newsletter. What I need is the correct install procedure for our Brother HR 15 printer so we and up with columns printed as columns side by side and not the jeggered mess that results at present.

If someone can help with this one we will be forever thankful. Wordstar gives us the chance to do the full format job on the screen, ready to print but when it renches the paper it's a progressive mess.

4. Reference meterial.

One of the best reference books I've found on the subject of printing is the "Style Menuel for authors, editors and printers"

Others are "The Graphics of Communication"

1984 is a year of growth and change for the computer industry and this newsletter. Some changes will be welcome others not but all are needed.

I look forward to a busy year in both this newsletter and the world.

 	000 ——	
 *****		***************************************
 PUCH PO	RE IN 84	***************************************

Below you will find listed the full (proposed) production schedule for the Ausborne newsletter in 1984. Those dates listed with an "a" are the proposed issues "if" we go second wonthly.

This would be the second biggest change for 80. The first is that we will be going to full typesetting from the Feb issue. With the added costs and time needed for production and the need to keep it from to members this change to second monthly should allow a better and more comprehensive coverage of issues effecting you.

If you have any feedbeck on this please drop a line to "The Editor" at our post box.

There is also a list of proposed topics and titles for 84. We list them here not just to let you know what is comming in later months, or as a guide for production, but in the hope that you will be using one of the products or programs listed and be able to write somthing about it for publication. I do not have all of these programs or products and must rely on you to write the unterial so others may be able to decide the yee or may of buying it for themselves.

It does not stop there however. Feel free to drop us a line at any time with suggestions, hints, ideas for new material, problems, successes and failures. Stories about your dealings with computer companies, dealers, soft/firm/hardware suppliers and the like, be they good or bad.

IT'S YOUR	NEWSLETTE	R - HELI	P TO FIL	L III.
		000		

IF UNDELIVERABLE RETURN TO:

AUSBORNE USER GROUP. P.O. Box C 530. CLARENCE STREET. SYDNEY.NSW.2000.

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119

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2621

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